Attachment A

Flow Frequency Memo

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, Virginia 23060

SUBJECT: Flow Frequency Determination / 303(d) Status

DOC Haynesville Correctional Center - VA0023469

TO: Brian Wrenn

FROM: Jennifer Palmore, P.G.

DATE: June 15, 2015

COPIES: File

The Haynesville Correctional Center's sewage treatment plant discharges to an unnamed tributary of Marshy Swamp in Richmond County. The outfall is located at rivermile 3-XAR001.00. Flow frequencies have been requested for use in developing effluent limitations for the VPDES permit.

At the discharge point, the tributary is shown as intermittent on the USGS 7.5' Haynesville Quadrangle topographic map. The flow frequencies for intermittent streams are listed below.

Unnamed tributary at Outfall 001:

1Q30 = 0.0 cfsHigh Flow 1Q10 = 0.0 cfs 1Q10 = 0.0 cfsHigh Flow 7Q10 = 0.0 cfs7Q10 = 0.0 cfsHigh Flow 30Q10 = 0.0 cfs

30Q10 = 0.0 cfsHM = 0.0 cfs

30Q5 = 0.0 cfs

Due to its intermittent nature, the tributary was previously determined to be a Tier 1 water; therefore Tier 1 should be continued in this reissuance. Effluent data should be used to characterize the stream during low-flow conditions.

During the 2012 and draft 2014 305(b)/303(d) Integrated Water Quality Assessment Reports, the receiving stream was not assessed for any of its designated uses. It was therefore considered a Category 3A water ("No data are available within the data window of the current assessment to determine if any designated use is attained and the water was not previously listed as impaired.")

The discharge was addressed in the report "Totuskey and Richardson Creek Total Maximum Daily Load Report for Shellfish Condemnation Areas Listed due to Bacteria Pollution", which was approved by the EPA on 2/19/2010 and by the SWCB on 9/30/2010. The TMDL was subsequently modified on 9/21/2010. The facility was assigned an enterococci wasteload allocation of 2.38E+08 cfu/day based on a permit limit of 35 cfu/100 mL and a design flow of 0.178 MGD. An interim fecal coliform allocation of 1.35E+09 MPN/day was assigned to Haynesville using DEQ's track and roll modification procedure; the TMDL modification states that the existing bacterial limits can be used to demonstrate compliance with the fecal coliform WLA.

The Upper Rappahannock River Watershed Shellfish TMDL was approved by the EPA on 8/10/2010 and by the SWCB on 12/13/2010. It was subsequently modified on 8/4/2011. The correctional center received a fecal coliform wasteload allocation of 1.35E+09 MPN/day.

The Haynesville Correctional Center was also addressed in the Chesapeake Bay TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 12/29/2010. The TMDL allocates loads for total nitrogen, total phosphorus, and total suspended solids to protect the dissolved oxygen and SAV criteria in the Chesapeake Bay and its tidal tributaries. The facility was considered a significant nutrient discharger in the Rappahannock River mesohaline estuary (RPPMH) and was assigned the following annual wasteload allocations:

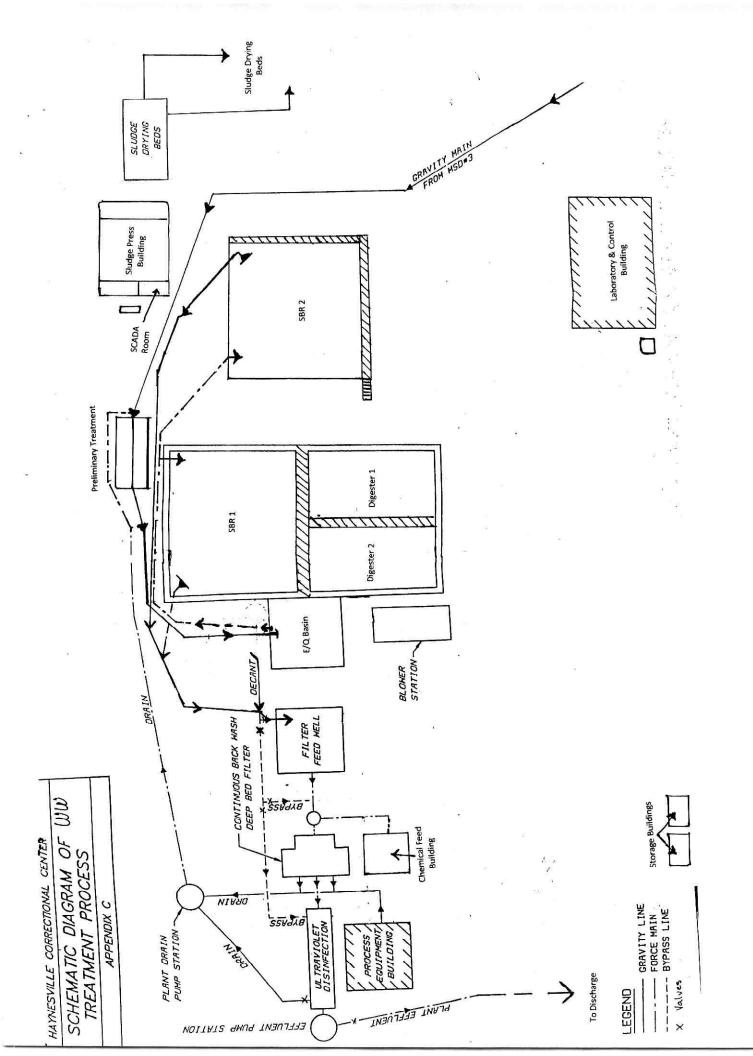
- 2,802 lbs of total nitrogen (TN)
- 210 lbs of total phosphorus (TP)
- 21,014.364 lbs of total suspended solids (TSS)

The nutrient allocations are administered through the Watershed Nutrient General Permit; the TSS allocations are considered aggregated and facilities with technology-based TSS limits are considered to be in conformance with the TMDL.

If you have any questions concerning this analysis, please let me know.

Attachment B

Site Diagram



Attachment C

Topographic Map:

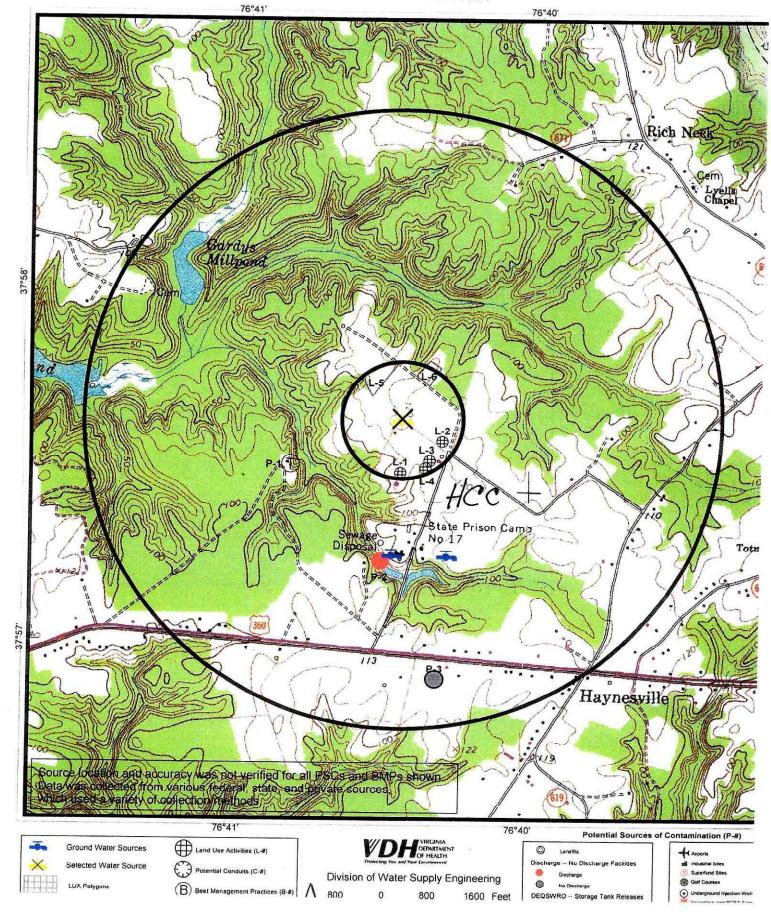
PWSID: 4159200 FACILITY: WELL NO. 3

SWAP Zone 2 Map

DISTRICT 17

COUNTY/CITY: RICHMOND COUNT

WATERWORKS: HAYNESVILLE CORRECTIONAL CENTER



Attachment D

Site Visit:

September 11, 2015



DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Piedmont Regional Office

4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060 804/527-5020

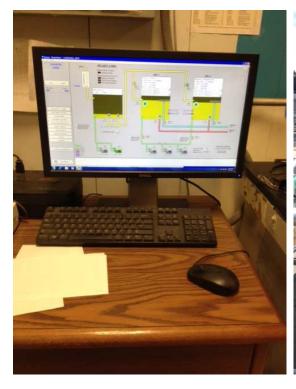
SUBJECT: Site Visit - VA0023469, Haynesville Correctional Center WWTP

DATE: September 11, 2015

On September 8, 2015, staff from the DEQ Piedmont Regional Office visited the Haynesville Correctional Center WWTP in Richmond County, Virginia. The visit consisted of a review of the SCADA and record keeping systems, the wastewater treatment plant, and the outfall. The WWTP includes an influent bar screen with a screw auger for solids removal, an influent equalization basin, two sequencing batch reactors (SBRs) with dual sludge digesters, a clear well tank for phosphorus removal by chemical treatment, a sand bed tertiary filter, two UV disinfection banks, and a cascade aeration channel prior to discharge. Wasted sludge is further treated through a fan belt press and is hauled to Deerfield Correctional Center for land application. This SBR system was upgraded in 2011.

Overall, the WWTP appears to be well run and maintained. Solids removed during primary treatment are sent to the land fill for disposal. The influent EQ basin aerates the wastewater using a timed blower. The SBRs run on 6-hour cycles. Some minor foaming was observed during the site visit. Little to no floating or suspended solids were observed in the chemical treatment clearwell. The UV banks are run in series. Each bank consists of 24 bulbs for a total of 48 bulbs. The system is designed to provide a minimum dosage of 105,000 microwatt-seconds per square centimeter. All alarms for UV outages or problems are housed at the disinfection unit. Alarms are present for low bulb intensity and bulb outages. The facility does not have a back up disinfection process. Approximately 12 wet tons of sludge are hauled to Deerfield Correctional Center every 2-3 weeks. The sludge is hauled by DOC and all monitoring for the sludge is conducted by Deerfield under their land application permit. The outfall was not discharging at the time of the visit, but no evidence of solids was observed in the discharge channel. The receiving stream appeared clear and free of solids. A back-up generator is located on site and is tested under load on a weekly basis.

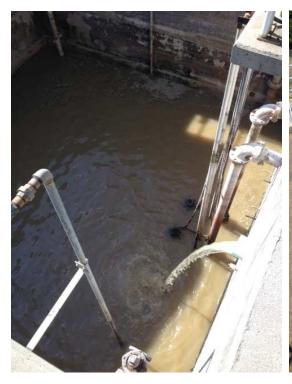
Haynesville CC conducts in-house analyses for pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, total recoverable chlorine, $E.\ coli$, total suspended solids (TSS), and biochemical oxygen demand. Analyses for enterococci, nutrients, and metals are conducted by contract laboratories. Haynesville has had difficulties meeting the enterococcus limitation during warmer months. They have consulted various sources regarding this problem, but haven't found a solution. TSS concentrations have remained at ≤ 1 mg/L during this time. The Old Camp 17 WWTP was decommissioned in 2011. The influent from Camp 17 is pumped via lift station to the upgraded SBR facility.





SCADA system

Influent Bar Screen with Screw Auger





Influent Equalization Basin

SBR #1

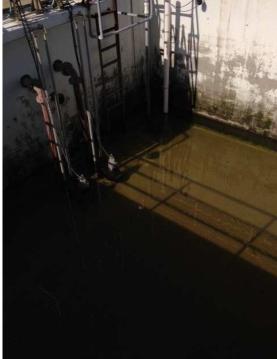




SBR #2

Sludge Digester #1





Sludge Digester #2

Clear Well for Phosphorus Treatment





UV Disinfection System

UV Disinfection System





UV Disinfection System

UV Control Panel and Alarms





Cascade Post-Aeration

Outfall 001





Confluence of Outfall Channel and UT to Marshy Swamp

Sludge Fan Belt Press



Decommissioned Old Camp 17 WWTP

Attachment E

Effluent Data:

DMR Data Application Data Water Quality Criteria Monitoring Form

VA0023469, Haynesville CC DMR Data 2012-2015

Flow				
Date	30-day Avg			
10-Aug-12	0.104			
10-Sep-12	0.107			
10-Oct-12	0.104			
10-Nov-12	0.104			
10-Dec-12	0.099			
10-Jan-13	0.094			
10-Feb-13	0.087			
10-Mar-13	0.088			
10-Apr-13	0.089			
10-May-13 10-Jun-13	0.089			
10-Jun-13	0.086			
10-Jul-13	0.099			
10-Aug-13	0.0994			
10-Sep-13	0.095			
10-Oct-13	0.101			
10-Nov-13	0.1059			
10-Dec-13	0.101			
10-Jan-14	0.101			
10-Feb-14	0.097			
10-Mar-14	0.103			
10-Apr-14	0.099			
10-May-14	0.099			
10-Jun-14	0.102			
10-Jul-14	0.107			
10-Aug-14	0.106			
10-Sep-14	0.1098			
10-Oct-14	0.1051			
10-Nov-14	0.098			
10-Dec-14	0.095			
10-Jan-15	0.098			
10-Feb-15	0.099			
10-Mar-15	0.0972			
10-Apr-15	0.099			
10-May-15	0.099			
10-Jun-15	0.105			
10-Jul-15	0.1185			
10-Aug-15	0.111			
Average	0.100			

рН					
Date Daily Max					
10-Aug-12	8.1				
10-Sep-12	8.1				
10-Oct-12	8.3				
10-Nov-12	8.3				
10-Dec-12	8.2				
10-Jan-13	8.2				
10-Feb-13	7.9				
10-Mar-13	7.9				
10-Apr-13	7.9				
10-May-13	7.8				
10-Jun-13	8				
10-Jul-13	8.2				
10-Aug-13	8.3				
10-Sep-13	8.8				
10-Oct-13	7.9				
10-Nov-13	7.8				
10-Dec-13	8				
10-Jan-14	7.8				
10-Feb-14	7.9				
10-Mar-14	8				
10-Apr-14	8.1				
10-May-14	8				
10-Jun-14	8				
10-Jul-14	8.1				
10-Aug-14	8.1				
10-Sep-14	8.1				
10-Oct-14	8.2				
10-Nov-14	8				
10-Dec-14	8				
10-Jan-15	7.9				
10-Feb-15	8				
10-Mar-15	8				
10-Apr-15	8				
10-May-15	8 8.3				
10-Jun-15 10-Jul-15					
10-Jul-15 10-Aug-15	8.5 8.7				
10-Aug-15	7.9				
90th %	8.3				
90th % Min	7.8				
Max					
IVIAX	8.8				

BOD ₅				
Date	30-day Avg			
10-Aug-12	5.3			
10-Sep-12	4.7			
10-Oct-12	1.9			
10-Nov-12	1.6			
10-Dec-12	1.8			
10-Jan-13	1.8			
10-Feb-13	2.3			
10-Mar-13	2.4			
10-Apr-13	4.3			
10-May-13	2.2			
10-Jun-13	0.04			
10-Jul-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Aug-13	0.4			
10-Sep-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Oct-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Nov-13	0.5			
10-Dec-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Jan-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Feb-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Mar-14	1.8			
10-Apr-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-May-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Jun-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Jul-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Aug-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Sep-14	0.5			
10-Oct-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Nov-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Dec-14	0.5			
10-Jan-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Feb-15	0.4			
10-Mar-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Apr-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-May-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Jun-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Jul-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Aug-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
Average	1.9			

VA0023469, Haynesville CC DMR Data 2012-2015

TSS				
Date	30-day Avg			
10-Aug-12	8.3			
10-Sep-12	8.5			
10-Oct-12	3.2			
10-Nov-12	2.9			
10-Dec-12	3.7			
10-Jan-13	2.4			
10-Feb-13	2.9			
10-Mar-13	4.8			
10-Apr-13	4.3			
10-May-13 10-Jun-13	6.1			
	6.7			
10-Jul-13	2.5			
10-Aug-13	8.5			
10-Sep-13	3.6			
10-Oct-13	2.2			
10-Nov-13	3.8			
10-Dec-13	3.1			
10-Jan-14	1.8			
10-Feb-14	1.2			
10-Mar-14	1			
10-Apr-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-May-14	1			
10-Jun-14	1			
10-Jul-14	1.4			
10-Aug-14	2.3			
10-Sep-14	2.5			
10-Oct-14	2.2			
10-Nov-14	1.2			
10-Dec-14	4.6			
10-Jan-15	1.2			
10-Feb-15	3.8			
10-Mar-15	4.1			
10-Apr-15	3.2			
10-May-15	5.9			
10-Jun-15	2.2			
10-Jul-15	2.8			
10-Aug-15	1.7			
Average	3.4			

DO				
Date Daily Min				
10-Aug-12				
10-Sep-12	6.6 6.7			
10-Oct-12	7.1			
10-Nov-12	7.2			
10-Dec-12	8.4			
10-Jan-13	9.1			
10-Feb-13	9.8			
10-Mar-13	9.4			
10-Apr-13	9			
10-May-13	8.2			
10-Jun-13	8			
10-Jul-13	7.4			
10-Aug-13	7.3			
10-Sep-13	7.38			
10-Oct-13	7.1			
10-Nov-13	8.1			
10-Dec-13	8.7			
10-Jan-14	9.3			
10-Feb-14	9.7			
10-Mar-14	10.1			
10-Apr-14	9.8			
10-May-14	8.9			
10-Jun-14	7.8			
10-Jul-14	7.4			
10-Aug-14 10-Sep-14	6.7			
10-Sep-14	7.2			
10-Oct-14	7			
10-Nov-14	7.4			
10-Dec-14	8			
10-Jan-15	6.7			
10-Feb-15	9.8			
10-Mar-15	10.2			
10-Apr-15	9.8			
10-May-15	8.8			
10-Jun-15	7.4			
10-Jul-15	7			
10-Aug-15	6.8			
Min	6.6			

Ammonia			
Date	30-day Avg		
10-Aug-12	0.22		
10-Sep-12	0.03		
10-Oct-12	0.14		
10-Nov-12	0.05		
10-Dec-12	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Jan-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Jan-13 10-Feb-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Mar-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Apr-13	0.02		
10-May-13	0.03		
10-Jun-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Jul-13	0.15		
10-Aug-13	0.1		
10-Sep-13	0.04		
10-Oct-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Nov-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Dec-13	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Jan-14	0.02		
10-Feb-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Mar-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Apr-14	0.02		
10-May-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Jun-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Jul-14	0.05		
10-Aug-14	0.01		
10-Sep-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Oct-14	0.06		
10-Nov-14	0.03		
10-Dec-14	0.11		
10-Jan-15	0.04		
10-Feb-15	0.29		
10-Mar-15	0.12		
10-Apr-15	0.04		
10-May-15	0.13		
10-Jun-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Jul-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10-Aug-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
Average	0.08		

E. coli					
Date	30-day Avg				
10-Aug-12	1				
10-Sep-12	1.7				
10-Oct-12	1				
10-Nov-12	1.64				
10-Dec-12	1.15				
10-Jan-13	1.43				
10-Feb-13	1				
10-Mar-13	1.28				
10-Apr-13	1				
10-May-13	1				
10-Jun-13	1.4				
10-Jul-13	2				
10-Aug-13	1				
10-Sep-13	1.44				
10-Oct-13	1.3				
10-Nov-13	1.2				
10-Dec-13	1				
10-Jan-14	1.2				
10-Feb-14	1				
10-Mar-14	1				
10-Apr-14	1				
10-May-14	1				
10-Jun-14	1.4				
10-Jul-14	1				
10-Aug-14	1				
10-Sep-14	1				
10-Oct-14	1				
10-Nov-14	1				
10-Dec-14	1				
10-Jan-15	1				
10-Feb-15	1				
10-Mar-15	1				
10-Apr-15	1				
10-May-15	1				
10-Jun-15	1				
10-Jul-15	1				
10-Aug-15	2				
Average	1.2				

Enterococcus				
Date 30-day Av				
10-Aug-12	12.3			
10-Sep-12	16.68			
10-Sep-12 10-Oct-12	7.5			
10-Nov-12	1.73			
10-Dec-12	2.21			
10-Jan-13	1.32			
10-Feb-13	1			
10-Mar-13	1			
10-Apr-13	1			
10-May-13	1			
10-Jun-13	1.5			
10-Jul-13	5			
10-Aug-13	21			
10-Sep-13	4.85			
10-Oct-13	17.8			
10-Nov-13	1.6			
10-Dec-13	4			
10-Jan-14	1.2			
10-Feb-14	1.4			
10-Mar-14	1			
10-Apr-14	1.6			
10-May-14	1.19			
10-Jun-14	2.4			
10-Jul-14	30.2			
10-Aug-14	12.4			
10-Sep-14	10			
10-Oct-14	26			
10-Nov-14	3			
10-Dec-14	1			
10-Jan-15	1			
10-Feb-15	4			
10-Mar-15	3			
10-Apr-15	9			
10-May-15	5			
10-Jun-15	16			
10-Jul-15	3			
10-Aug-15	34			
Average	7.2			

Copper				
Date	30-day Avg			
10-Aug-12	9.93			
10-Sep-12	11.1			
10-Oct-12	9.9			
10-Nov-12	10.6			
10-Dec-12	8.29			
10-Jan-13	5.47			
10-Feb-13	6.03			
10-Mar-13	7.16			
10-Apr-13	7.42			
10-May-13 10-Jun-13	5.67			
10-Jun-13	3.5			
10-Jul-13	2.6			
10-Aug-13	2.4			
10-Sep-13	2.13			
10-Oct-13	4.37			
10-Nov-13	3.65			
10-Dec-13	4.4			
10-Jan-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Feb-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Mar-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Apr-14 10-May-14	2.3			
10-May-14	1.7			
10-Jun-14	1.7			
10-Jul-14	1.34			
10-Aug-14	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Sep-14	2.6			
10-Oct-14	2.45			
10-Nov-14	2.83			
10-Dec-14	2.3			
10-Jan-15	2.5			
10-Feb-15	2.76			
10-Mar-15	3.32			
10-Apr-15 10-May-15	2.6			
	2.26			
10-Jun-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Jul-15	1.8			
10-Aug-15	6.4			
Average	4.5			

Zinc				
Date	30-day Avg			
10-Apr-15	27.4			
10-May-15	26.3			
10-Jun-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Jul-15	<ql< td=""></ql<>			
10-Aug-15	16.1			
Average	23			

ESU/Haynesville Correctional Center VA0023469

BA	SIC	APP	ICATI	ON IN	FORMA	HOIT
	U. U.			OIA HIA		

117749						
PART A. BASIC APPLICATION INFORMATION FOR ALL APPLICANTS:						
All treatment works must complete questions A.1 through A.8 of this Basic Application Information packet.						
A.1.	Facility Information.	i.				
	Facility name	Environmental Services Unit (ESU) / Hayne	sville Corre	ectional Center	(i)	
	Mailing Address	650 Barnfield Road or P.O. Box 129				
		Haynesville, Virginia 22472				
	Contact person	Dallas L. Phillips	&	Graham L. Jett		
	Title	Environmental Services Manager	-4	Treatment Plant	Supervisor	
	Telephone number	757-514-3592 or 757-334-3286 (Cell)) 8	304-250-4174 or 8	04-441-5093 (Cell)	
	Facility Address	650 Barnfield Road				
	(not P.O. Box)	Haynesville, Virginia 22472				
A.2.	Applicant Information	on. If the applicant is different from the above, provid	e the followin	ng:		
	Applicant name	Virginia Department of Corrections				
	Mailing Address	1001 Obici Industrial Blvd., Suite F	&	6900 Atmore Drive		
	Suffolk, Virginia 23434 Richmond, Virginia 23225					
	Contact person Dallas L. Phillips Timothy G. Newton					
	Title	Environmental Services Manager	2	Environmental S	ervices Director	
	Telephone number	757-514-3592 or 757-334-3286 (Cell)		804-887-8069 or	804-839-0337 (Cell)	
	Is the applicant the o	owner or operator (or both) of the treatment work	cs?			
	owner	operator				
	3	spondence regarding this permit should be directed t	o the facility	or the applicant.		
	facility	✓ applicant				
A.3.	Existing Environment (include state-issued p	ntal Permits. Provide the permit number of any exist permits).	ing environm	ental permits that have b	een issued to the treatment works	
	NPDES VA002346	9	PSD			
	UIC Other NT GP VAN020044				4	
	RCRA	15	Othe	r		
A.4.	Collection System In entity and, if known, pr	formation. Provide information on municipalities and ovide information on the type of collection system (co	d areas serve ombined vs. s	ed by the facility. Provide separate) and its ownersh	the name and population of each nip (municipal, private, etc.).	
	Name	Population Served Ty	pe of Collec	ction System	Ownership	
0	Haynesville Correctional Cent	<u>1,249</u> S	eparate		State Government	
94 P	Haynesville Correctional Unit	#2 161 S	eparate	-	State Government	
5	VDOT Regional Shop	<u>18</u> Si	eparate		State Government	
	Total popu	ulation served1,428				

ESU/Haynesville Correctional Center VA0023469

Form Approved 1/14/99 OMB Number 2040-0086

a. Is the treatment works located in Indian Country? Yes	
Does the treatment works discharge to a receiving water that is either in Indian Country or that is upstream from (and eventually through) Indian Country? Yes No A.6. Flow. Indicate the design flow rate of the treatment plant (i.e., the wastewater flow rate that the plant was built to handle). Also provide ally flow rate and maximum daily flow rate for each of the last three years. Each year's data must be based on a 12-month time permonth of "this year" occurring no more than three months prior to this application submittal. a. Design flow rate 0.230 mgd Two Years Ago Last Year This Year JanFeb. 2015 0.1 C. Maximum daily flow rate 0.157 0.135 JanFeb. 2015 0.1 A.7. Collection System. Indicate the type(s) of collection system(s) used by the treatment plant. Check all that apply. Also estimate the contribution (by miles) of each. ✓ Separate sanitary sewer Combined storm and sanitary sewer 100 Combined storm and sanitary sewer A.8. Discharges and Other Disposal Methods. a. Does the treatment works discharge effluent to waters of the U.S.? If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	
A.6. Flow. Indicate the design flow rate of the treatment plant (i.e., the wastewater flow rate that the plant was built to handle). Also provide the design flow rate of the treatment plant (i.e., the wastewater flow rate that the plant was built to handle). Also provide the design flow rate and maximum daily flow rate for each of the last three years. Each year's data must be based on a 12-month time permonth of "this year" occurring no more than three months prior to this application submittal. a. Design flow rate	
A.6. Flow. Indicate the design flow rate of the treatment plant (i.e., the wastewater flow rate that the plant was built to handle). Also provide the design flow rate of the treatment plant (i.e., the wastewater flow rate that the plant was built to handle). Also provide the design flow rate and maximum daily flow rate for each of the last three years. Each year's data must be based on a 12-month time permonth of "this year" occurring no more than three months prior to this application submittal. a. Design flow rate	flows
A.6. Flow. Indicate the design flow rate of the treatment plant (i.e., the wastewater flow rate that the plant was built to handle). Also provide daily flow rate and maximum daily flow rate for each of the last three years. Each year's data must be based on a 12-month time permonth of "this year" occurring no more than three months prior to this application submittal. a. Design flow rate	BLECTOURS
daily flow rate and maximum daily flow rate for each of the last three years. Each year's data must be based on a 12-month time permonth of "this year" occurring no more than three months prior to this application submittal. a. Design flow rate	
b. Annual average daily flow rate c. Maximum daily flow rate 0.095 0.102 JanFeb. 2015 0.135 JanFeb. 2015 0.16 A.7. Collection System. Indicate the type(s) of collection system(s) used by the treatment plant. Check all that apply. Also estimate the contribution (by miles) of each. ✓ Separate sanitary sewer Combined storm and sanitary sewer Combined storm and sanitary sewer Indicate the type(s) of collection system(s) used by the treatment plant. Check all that apply. Also estimate the contribution (by miles) of each. ✓ Separate sanitary sewer A.8. Discharges and Other Disposal Methods. a. Does the treatment works discharge effluent to waters of the U.S.? ✓ Yes If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	ide the average riod with the 12th
b. Annual average daily flow rate 0.095 0.102 JanFeb. 2015 JanFeb. 2015 O.1 A.7. Collection System. Indicate the type(s) of collection system(s) used by the treatment plant. Check all that apply. Also estimate the contribution (by miles) of each. ✓ Separate sanitary sewer Combined storm and sanitary sewer A.8. Discharges and Other Disposal Methods. a. Does the treatment works discharge effluent to waters of the U.S.? ✓ Yes If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	
b. Annual average daily flow rate 0.095 0.102 JanFeb. 2015 0.00 c. Maximum daily flow rate 0.157 0.135 JanFeb. 2015 0.00 A.7. Collection System. Indicate the type(s) of collection system(s) used by the treatment plant. Check all that apply. Also estimate the contribution (by miles) of each. ✓ Separate sanitary sewer 100 — Combined storm and sanitary sewer A.8. Discharges and Other Disposal Methods. a. Does the treatment works discharge effluent to waters of the U.S.? ✓ Yes If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	
A.7. Collection System. Indicate the type(s) of collection system(s) used by the treatment plant. Check all that apply. Also estimate the contribution (by miles) of each. Separate sanitary sewer Combined storm and sanitary sewer Combined storm and sanitary sewer Bischarges and Other Disposal Methods. a. Does the treatment works discharge effluent to waters of the U.S.? Yes If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	98 mgd
contribution (by miles) of each.	15 mgd
contribution (by miles) of each.	
A.8. Discharges and Other Disposal Methods. a. Does the treatment works discharge effluent to waters of the U.S.? If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	e percent
A.8. Discharges and Other Disposal Methods. a. Does the treatment works discharge effluent to waters of the U.S.? If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	0/
A.8. Discharges and Other Disposal Methods. a. Does the treatment works discharge effluent to waters of the U.S.? ✓ Yes If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	%
a. Does the treatment works discharge effluent to waters of the U.S.? Yes If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	%
If yes, list how many of each of the following types of discharge points the treatment works uses:	
AND A COMPANY OF A CONTRACT OF	No
i. Discharges of treated effluent One Discharges	
	arge Point
ii. Discharges of untreated or partially treated effluent	
iii. Combined sewer overflow points	
iv. Constructed emergency overflows (prior to the headworks)	
v. Other	
 Does the treatment works discharge effluent to basins, ponds, or other surface impoundments that do not have outlets for discharge to waters of the U.S.? 	/ No
If yes, provide the following for each surface impoundment:	_
Location:	
Annual average daily volume discharged to surface impoundment(s)	
Is discharge continuous or intermittent?	
c. Does the treatment works land-apply treated wastewater?	No
If yes, provide the following for each land application site:	
Location:	
Number of acres:	
Annual average daily volume applied to site: Mgd	
Is land application continuous or intermittent?	
d. Does the treatment works discharge or transport treated or untreated wastewater to another treatment works? Yes	No

ESU/Haynesville Correctional Center VA0023469

Form Approved 1/14/99 OMB Number 2040-0086

	ransporter name:
٨	ransporter name:
	failing Address:
C	contact person:
T	itle:
T	elephone number:
N	ame: ailing Address:
С	ontact person:
T	ttle:
	elephone number:
	known, provide the NPDES permit number of the treatment works that receives this discharge.
P	rovide the average daily flow rate from the treatment works into the receiving facility.
D	oes the treatment works discharge or dispose of its wastewater in a manner not included in 8.a through A.8.d above (e.g., underground percolation, well injection)?
lf	yes, provide the following for each disposal method:
D	escription of method (including location and size of site(s) if applicable):

ESU/Haynesville Correctional Center VA0023469

Form Approved 1/14/99 OMB Number 2040-0086

WASTEWATER DISCHARGES:

If you answered "yes" to question A.8.a, complete questions A.9 through A.12 once for each outfall (including bypass points) through which effluent is discharged. Do not include information on combined sewer overflows in this section. If you answered "no" to question A.8.a, go to Part B, "Additional Application Information for Applicants with a Design Flow Greater than or Equal to 0.1 mgd."

	escription of Outfall.	001				
a.	Outfall number	Victoria de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya d	_			00470
b.	Location	Haynesville (City or town, if applicable)				22472 (Zip Code)
		Richmond (County)				Virginia (State)
		N37 Degrees 57.353				W076 Degrees 40.493*
		(Latitude)	***	•	U-Sir	(Longitude)
C.	Distance from shore (if	applicable)	N/A		_ ft.	
d.	Depth below surface (if	applicable)	N/A	i .	_ ft.	
e.	Average daily flow rate		Jan Feb. 2015	0.098	mgd	
			***************************************		THE SECOND	
f.		either an intermittent or a periodic				
	discharge?		-	Yes		No (go to A.9.g.)
	If yes, provide the follow	ving information:				
	Number of times per ye	ar discharge occurs:	**************************************			
	Average duration of each	ch discharge:				<u></u>
	Average flow per discha	arge:				mgd
	Months in which discha	rge occurs:				Miles and Milespelants
g.	Is outfall equipped with	a diffuser?		Yes	No	No
10. Des	scription of Receiving	Waters.				
a.	Name of receiving water	r Unnamed Tr	ributary of Gar	tands Mill	lpond	
b.	Name of watershed (if k	(nown)	Unknown			4
	100			***************************************		
	United States Soil Cons	servation Service 14-digit watershe	d code (if know	n):		Unknown
C.	Name of State Manager	ment/River Basin (if known):	_	Rappat	hannock	
	United States Geologica	al Survey 8-digit hydrologic catalog	jing unit code (i	f known):		Unknown
d.	Critical low flow of recei	ving stream (if applicable):				
		cfs	chronic		0 cfs	s
		ving stream at critical low flow (if ap				2
			APIL CONTROL .			3

Form Approved 1/14/99 OMB Number 2040-0086

		nrovidado o	neck all that a	vlac.				
a. What levels	of treatment are	, provided (Cr	unuta	area.				
	Primary	li nes.	✓ Sec	ondary				
	Advanced	; 	Oth	er. Describe:	Sequencir	ng Batch Rea	cto (SBR), Mix A	Air, Dynasand Filter
b. Indicate the f	ollowing remov	al rates (as ap	oplicable):					
Design BOD	removal <u>or</u> De	sign CBOD ₅	removal		8 10	98	%	
Design SS re	moval				:	99	%	
Design P ren	noval				-	97	%	
Design N ren	noval					93	 %	
Other An	monia & TKN				1	99 & 96	%	
c. What type of	disinfection is	used for the e	ffluent from ti	nis outfall? If disin		hy season nies	S Alles	
	Iltraviolet Light		Minmiliani	10 Canan	1001011 101102	y 6000011, p.00	ise describe.	
NO ISSUES IN THE	is by chlorinati	-	ination used t	or this outfall?				No
	-	275		or triis outrain?			es	No
d. Does the trea	tment plant hav	e post aeraud	ın?			Y	es	No
discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136	vide the indica not include in h analysis cor and other app	ated effluent nformation or nducted usin propriate QA	testing requences to the combined states to t	ired by the pern sewer overflows art 136 methods. nents for standa	nitting author in this sectio In addition, t ard methods for	ity <u>for each ou</u> n. All informa this data must or analytes no	utfall through what tion reported mu t comply with QA	ich effluent is ist be based on data VQC requirements o 40 CFR Part 136. At
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue	vide the indica not include in h analysis cor and other app nt testing data	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba	testing requences to the combined states to t	ired by the pern sewer overflows art 136 methods. nents for standa ast three sample	nitting author in this sectio In addition, t ard methods for	ity <u>for each ou</u> on. All informa this data must or analytes no e no more than	utfall through what ition reported mut toomply with QA of addressed by 4	ich effluent is ist be based on data VQC requirements o 10 CFR Part 136. At alf years apart.
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number:	vide the indica not include in h analysis cor and other app nt testing data	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba	testing requincent combined sing 40 CFR Pa /QC requiren sed on at lea	ired by the pern sewer overflows art 136 methods. nents for standa ast three sample	nitting author in this sectio In addition, the ord methods for	ity <u>for each ou</u> on. All informal this data must or analytes no e no more than	utfall through wh tion reported mu t comply with QA ot addressed by 4 n four and one-h	ich effluent is ist be based on data VQC requirements o 10 CFR Part 136. At alf years apart.
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number:	vide the indica not include in h analysis cor and other app nt testing data	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba	testing required on combined on g 40 CFR Pa/QC required sed on at lea	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods. The methods are the sample and the sample are three sample. Units	nitting authoric in this section. In addition, and methods for and must be	ity <u>for each out</u> on. All informations data must or analytes no e no more that	utfall through whition reported mut comply with QA of addressed by A n four and one-h	ich effluent is ust be based on data VQC requirements o CFR Part 136. At alf years apart. UE Number of Samples
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME	vide the indica not include in h analysis cor and other app nt testing data	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba	testing required on combined on g 40 CFR Pa/QC required sed on at leased on at leas	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods, ments for standa ast three sample AILY VALUE Units s.u.	nitting authori in this sectio . In addition, i ard methods for s and must be	ity <u>for each out</u> on. All informathis data must or analytes no e no more that	utfall through whition reported mut comply with QA of addressed by 4 n four and one-h	ich effluent is ust be based on data VQC requirements o CFR Part 136. At alf years apart. UE Number of Samples
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number:	vide the indica not include in h analysis cor and other app nt testing data	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba	MAXIMUM D.	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods. The methods are the sample and the sample are three sample. Units	nitting authori in this sectio . In addition, and methods for se and must be	ity <u>for each out</u> on. All informathis data must or analytes no e no more that	utfall through whition reported mut comply with QA of addressed by A n four and one-h	ich effluent is ust be based on data VQC requirements o CFR Part 136. At alf years apart. UE Number of Samples
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected througe 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME	vide the indica not include in h analysis cor and other app nt testing data	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba	MAXIMUM D. Walue 6.7 8.8	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods. The methods are three sample with the control of the control o	value	ity <u>for each out</u> on. All informathis data must or analytes no e no more that	utfall through whition reported mut comply with QA of addressed by An four and one-h	ich effluent is ust be based on data VQC requirements of CFR Part 136. At alf years apart. UE Number of Samples
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected througe 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME H (Minimum) H (Maximum) low Rate emperature (Winter)	vide the indica not include in h analysis con and other app nt testing data	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba 001	MAXIMUM D. Walue 6.7 8.8 165 9 Degrees 1 describing required section at lease on at	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods. The methods are the sample of the sam	value	ity for each out on. All informations data must or analytes no e no more that	utfall through whition reported mut comply with QA of addressed by 4 n four and one-h	ich effluent is ust be based on data VQC requirements o OFR Part 136. At alf years apart. LUE Number of Samples 1096 1096
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME H (Minimum) H (Maximum) Tow Rate Temperature (Winter) * For pH please re	vide the indication include in the analysis core and other approximates ting data and the sting data and the	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba 001	MAXIMUM D. Value 6.7 8.8 .165 9 Degrees num daily value	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods. The methods are the sample of the sam	valu 7.6 8.1 0.99 15.3 Degr	ity for each out on. All informations data must or analytes no e no more that	utfall through whition reported must comply with QA of addressed by 4 n four and one-h RAGE DAILY VA Units mgt mgt mgd Centigrade	ich effluent is Ist be based on data VQC requirements o OFR Part 136. At alf years apart. UE Number of Samples 1096 1096 271
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected througe 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME H (Minimum) H (Maximum) low Rate emperature (Winter)	vide the indication include in the analysis core and other approximates ting data and the sting data and the	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba 001 18.5 30.3 n and a maxim MAXIMU	MAXIMUM D. Walue 6.7 8.8 165 9 Degrees 1 describing required section at lease on at	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods, ments for standa ast three sample. AILY VALUE Units S.U. S.U. mgd Centigrade Centigrade	valu 7.6 8.1 0.99 15.3 Degr	ity for each out on. All informathis data must or analytes no e no more that AVE	utfall through whition reported must comply with QA of addressed by 4 n four and one-h RAGE DAILY VA Units mgt mgt mgd Centigrade	ich effluent is Ist be based on data VQC requirements of OCFR Part 136. At alf years apart. UE Number of Samples 1096 1096 271
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME H (Minimum) H (Maximum) Tow Rate Temperature (Winter) * For pH please re	vide the indication include in the analysis core and other approximates ting data and the sting data and the	ated effluent iformation or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba 001 18.5 30.3 n and a maxim MAXIMU	MAXIMUM D. Value 6.7 8.8 165 9 Degrees 3 Degrees num daily value IM DAILY	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods, ments for standa ast three sample. AILY VALUE Units S.U. S.U. mgd Centigrade Centigrade	value 27.1 Deg	ity for each out on. All informathis data must or analytes no e no more that AVE	utfall through whition reported mut comply with QA of addressed by An four and one-h RAGE DAILY VA. Units mg/l mg/l centigrade Centigrade ANALYTICAL METHOD	ich effluent is list be based on data VQC requirements of OCFR Part 136. At alf years apart. UE Number of Samples 1096 1096 271 276
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME H (Minimum) H (Maximum) Tow Rate Temperature (Winter) * For pH please re	vide the indication include in the analysis contained and other approximates the string data and other approximates and other approximate	ated effluent information or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba 001 18.5 30.3 in and a maxim MAXIMU DISCH	MAXIMUM D. Value 6.7 8.8 9 Degrees 10 Degrees 11 Degrees 12 Degrees 13 Degrees 14 DAILY 15 DAILY 16 DAILY 17 DAILY 18 DA	ired by the permsewer overflows art 136 methods. The methods are the sample of the sam	Value 153 Degree 27.1 Deg	ity for each out on. All informathis data must or analytes no e no more than AVE. AVE. Be CHARGE Number of	utfall through whition reported mut comply with QA of addressed by An four and one-h RAGE DAILY VA. Units mg/l mg/l centigrade Centigrade ANALYTICAL METHOD	ich effluent is list be based on data VQC requirements of OCFR Part 136. At alf years apart. UE Number of Samples 1096 1096 271 276
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME H (Minimum) H (Maximum) low Rate emperature (Winter) * For pH please re POLLUTAN	vide the indica not include in hanalysis con and other approximate testing data series of the series	ated effluent information or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba 001 18.5 30.3 in and a maxim MAXIMU DISCH	MAXIMUM D. Value 6.7 8.8 9 Degrees 10 Degrees 11 Degrees 12 Degrees 13 Degrees 14 DAILY 15 DAILY 16 DAILY 17 DAILY 18 DA	ired by the permsewer overflows art 136 methods. The methods are the sample of the sam	Value 153 Degree 27.1 Deg	ity for each out on. All informathis data must or analytes no e no more than AVE. AVE. Be CHARGE Number of	utfall through whition reported mut comply with QA of addressed by An four and one-h RAGE DAILY VA. Units mg/l mg/l centigrade Centigrade ANALYTICAL METHOD	ich effluent is list be based on data VQC requirements of OCFR Part 136. At alf years apart. UE Number of Samples 1096 1096 271 276
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected througe 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME H (Minimum) H (Maximum) low Rate emperature (Winter) * For pH please re POLLUTANT	vide the indica not include in hanalysis con and other approximate testing data series of the series	ated effluent information or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba 001 18.8 30.3 in and a maxim MAXIMU DISCH Conc.	MAXIMUM D. Value 6.7 8.8 9 Degrees num daily value IM DAILY HARGE Units	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods. The interest of standards three samples. The interest of standards three samples. The interest of standards three samples. The interest of standards of	values Values 15.3 Degree 27.1 Deg Units	rees CHARGE Number of Samples	utfall through whition reported must comply with QA of addressed by 4 n four and one-h RAGE DAILY VA. Units mg/l mg/l Centigrade Centigrade ANALYTICAL METHOD	ich effluent is Ist be based on data VQC requirements of OFR Part 136. At alf years apart. LUE Number of Samples 1096 1096 271 276 ML / MDL
parameters. Pro discharged. Do collected throug 40 CFR Part 136 minimum, efflue Outfall number: PARAME H (Minimum) H (Maximum) H (Maximum) low Rate emperature (Winter) * For pH please re POLLUTANT DONVENTIONAL AND N	vide the indica not include in the include in the analysis correct and other approximate testing data and the sting data are sting data. TER BOD-5	ated effluent information or inducted usin propriate QA a must be ba 001 18.5 30.3 In and a maxim MAXIMU DISCH Conc.	MAXIMUM D. Value 6.7 8.8 9 Degrees num daily value IM DAILY HARGE Units	ired by the permsewer overflows and 136 methods. The interest of standards three samples. The interest of standards three samples. The interest of standards three samples. The interest of standards of	values Values 15.3 Degree 27.1 Deg Units	rees CHARGE Number of Samples	utfall through whition reported must comply with QA of addressed by 4 n four and one-h RAGE DAILY VA. Units mg/l mg/l Centigrade Centigrade ANALYTICAL METHOD	ich effluent is Ist be based on data VQC requirements of OCFR Part 136. At alf years apart. LUE Number of Samples 1096 1096 271 276 ML / MDL

END OF PART A.

REFER TO THE APPLICATION OVERVIEW TO DETERMINE WHICH OTHER PARTS OF FORM 2A YOU MUST COMPLETE

ESU/Haynesville Correctional Center VA0023469

Form Approved 1/14/99 OMB Number 2040-0086

BA	SI	APPLICATION INFORMATION
PAI	RT E	ADDITIONAL APPLICATION INFORMATION FOR APPLICANTS WITH A DESIGN FLOW GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 0.1 MGD (100,000 gallons per day).
All a	pplic	ts with a design flow rate ≥ 0.1 mgd must answer questions B.1 through B.6. All others go to Part C (Certification).
B.1.	_м Bri	w and Infiltration. Estimate the average number of gallons per day that flow into the treatment works from inflow and/or infiltration. num if any at all. gpd y explain any steps underway or planned to minimize inflow and infiltration. is not a problem but, during the last upgrade an equalization basin was constructed and added to the treatment process.
	_	process.
B.2.	To ma	ngraphic Map. Attach to this application a topographic map of the area extending at least one mile beyond facility property boundaries. This must show the outline of the facility and the following information. (You may submit more than one map if one map does not show the entire
	a.	he area surrounding the treatment plant, including all unit processes.
	b.	he major pipes or other structures through which wastewater enters the treatment works and the pipes or other structures through which reated wastewater is discharged from the treatment plant. Include outfalls from bypass piping, if applicable.
	C.	ach well where wastewater from the treatment plant is injected underground.
	d.	Vells, springs, other surface water bodies, and drinking water wells that are: 1) within 1/4 mile of the property boundaries of the treatment vorks, and 2) listed in public record or otherwise known to the applicant.
	e.	ny areas where the sewage sludge produced by the treatment works is stored, treated, or disposed.
	f.	the treatment works receives waste that is classified as hazardous under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) by truck, rail, r special pipe, show on the map where that hazardous waste enters the treatment works and where it is treated, stored, and/or disposed.
B.3.	pow dech	ss Flow Diagram or Schematic. Provide a diagram showing the processes of the treatment plant, including all bypass piping and all backup sources or redundancy in the system. Also provide a water balance showing all treatment units, including disinfection (e.g, chlorination and rination). The water balance must show daily average flow rates at influent and discharge points and approximate daily flow rates between ent units. Include a brief narrative description of the diagram.
		tion/Maintenance Performed by Contractor(s).
	Are cont	y operational or maintenance aspects (related to wastewater treatment and effluent quality) of the treatment works the responsibility of a ctor?Yes✓_No
	If ye if ne	list the name, address, telephone number, and status of each contractor and describe the contractor's responsibilities (attach additional pages ssary).
	Nam	
	Maili	Address:
	T	No. 1
	i eie	one Number:
	Res	nsibilities of Contractor:
	unco treat	uled Improvements and Schedules of Implementation. Provide information on any uncompleted implementation schedule or pleted plans for improvements that will affect the wastewater treatment, effluent quality, or design capacity of the treatment works. If the ent works has several different implementation schedules or is planning several improvements, submit separate responses to question B.5 for (If none, go to question B.6.)
	a.	st the outfall number (assigned in question A.9) for each outfall that is covered by this implementation schedule.
	b.	dicate whether the planned improvements or implementation schedule are required by local, State, or Federal agencies.
		YesNo

FACILITY NAME AND PERMIT NUMBER:
ESU/Haynesville Correctional Center VA0023469

Form Approved 1/14/99 OMB Number 2040-0086

c If the answer to B.	5.b is "Yes," brief	ly describe, includ	ling new maximu	m daily inflow ra	te (if applicable)	i. 	
d. Provide dates impo For improvements Indicate dates as a	planned indepen	dently of local, Sta	or any actual date ate, or Federal ag	s of completion t encies, indicate	for the implemer planned or actu	ntation steps listed belo al completion dates, as	ow, as applicable. applicable.
		Schedule	А	ctual Completion	n		
Implementation Sta	age	MM/DD/	YYYY MI	M/DD/YYYY			
– Begin construction	on						
 End construction 	ĭ			_11			
– Begin discharge				_11			
 Attain operationa 	l level						
e. Have appropriate p Describe briefly:				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	n obtained?	YesNo	
Applicants that dischan required by the permitti this section. All informa data must comply with addressed by 40 CFR and one-half years old. Outfall Number:	ng authority <u>for e</u> ation reported mu QA/QC requirem	ach outfall throug ist be based on da ents of 40 CFR P	h which effluent in the collected thro art 136 and other	s discharged. D ugh analysis cor appropriate QA	o not include int nducted using 4 /QC requiremer	formation on combined O CFR Part 136 methon ts for standard method	sewer overflows in ds. In addition, this ds for analytes not
POLLUTANT	//////////////////////////////////////	JM DAILY HARGE	AVERAG	GE DAILY DISC	HARGE		
	Conc.	Units	Conc.	Units	Number of Samples	ANALYTICAL METHOD	ML / MDL
CONVENTIONAL AND NON	CONVENTIONAL	COMPOUNDS.			suds in the second second	k	Lacy Covering Covering to
AMMONIA (as N)	1.19	mg/l	0.05	mg/l	470	EPA 350.1 R20	0.10
CHLORINE (TOTAL RESIDUAL, TRC)	<ql< td=""><td>mg/L</td><td><ql< td=""><td>mg/l</td><td>6</td><td>HACH 8167</td><td>0.10</td></ql<></td></ql<>	mg/L	<ql< td=""><td>mg/l</td><td>6</td><td>HACH 8167</td><td>0.10</td></ql<>	mg/l	6	HACH 8167	0.10
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	13.5	mg/l	9.0	mg/l	1096	SM4500-OG-2011	N/A
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN (TKN)	4.9	mg/l	1.3	mg/l	72	EPA 351.2 R20	0.50
NITRATE PLUS NITRITE NITROGEN	9.16	mg/l	3.4	mg/l	72	SM4500-NO3F - 2011	0.10

END OF PART B.

0.3

603

mg/l

mg/l

mg/l

EPA 1664 A

SM4500-PE - 2011

SM2540-C-2011

3

76

3

REFER TO THE APPLICATION OVERVIEW TO DETERMINE WHICH OTHER PARTS OF FORM 2A YOU MUST COMPLETE

<QL

3.29

618

N/A

mg/l

mg/l

mg/l

OIL and GREASE

PHOSPHORUS (Total)

TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS (TDS)

OTHER

5.2

0.02

10.0

ATTACHMENT A DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WATER QUALITY CRITERIA MONITORING

Effective January 1, 2012, all analyses shall be in accordance with 1VAC30-45, Certification for Noncommercial Environmental Laboratories, or 1VAC30-46, Accreditation for Commercial Environmental Laboratories.

A listing of Virginia Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (VELAP) certified and/or accredited laboratories can be found at the following website: http://www.dgs.state.va.us/DivisionofConsolidatedLaboratoryServices/Services/EnvironmentalLaboratoryCertification/tabid/1059/Default.aspx

Please be advised that additional water quality analyses may be necessary and/or required for permitting purposes.

CASRN	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
		META	ALS			
7440-36-0	Antimony, dissolved	(3)	1.4	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
7440-38-2	Arsenic, dissolved	(3)	1.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
7440-43-9	Cadmium, dissolved	(3)	0.3	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
16065-83-1	Chromium III, dissolved (6)	(3)	3.6	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
18540-29-9	Chromium VI, dissolved (6)	(3)	1.6	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
7440-50-8	Copper, dissolved	(3)	0.50	1.78	G	1/5 YR
7439-92-1	Lead, dissolved	(3)	0.50	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
7439-97-6	Mercury, dissolved	(3)	1.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
7440-02-0	Nickel, dissolved	(3)	0.94	0.54	G	1/5 YR
7782-49-2	Selenium, Total Recoverable	(3)	2.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR (FW)</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR (FW)
7440-22-4	Silver, dissolved	(3)	0.20	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
7440-28-0	Thallium, dissolved	(3)	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR .</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR .
7440-66-6	Zinc, dissolved	(3)	3.6	14.7	G	1/5 YR
		PESTICIDE	S/PCBs			
309-00-2	Aldrin	608/625	0.05	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
57-74-9	Chlordane	608/625	0.2	ND	G	1/5 YR
2921-88-2	Chlorpyrifos (synonym = Dursban)	622	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
72-54-8	DDD	608/625	0.1	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
72-55-9	DDE	608/625	0.1	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
50-29-3	DDT	608/625	0.1	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR

CASRN	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS No.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
8065-48-3	Demeton (synonym = Dementon-O,S)	622	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
333-41-5	Diazinon	622	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
60-57-1	60-57-1 Dieldrin		0.1	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
959-98-8	Alpha-Endosulfan (synonym = Endosulfan I)	608/625	0.1	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
33213-65-9	Beta-Endosulfan (synonym = Endosulfan II)	608625	0.1	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
1031-07-8	Endosulfan Sulfate	608/625	0.1	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
72-20-8	Endrin	608/625	0.1	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
7421-93-4	Endrin Aldehyde	608/625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
86-50-0	Guthion (synonym = Azinphos Methyl)	622	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
76-44-8	Heptachlor	608/625	0.05	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
1024-57-3	Heptachlor Epoxide	608/625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
319-84-6	Hexachlorocyclohexane Alpha-BHC	608/625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
319-85-7	Hexachlorocyclohexane Beta-BHC	608/625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
58-89-9	Hexachlorocyclohexane Gamma-BHC (syn. = Lindane)	608/625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
143-50-0	Kepone	8081 Extended/ 8270C/8270D	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
121-75-5	Malathion	614	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	608.2	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
2385-85-5	Mirex	8081 Extended/ 8270C/8270D	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
56-38-2	Parathion (synonym = Parathion Ethyl)	614	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
1336-36-3	PCB, total	608/625	7.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
8001-35-2	Toxaphene	608/625	5.0	ND	G	1/5 YR
BASE N	EUTRAL EXTRAC	TABLES				
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
120-12-7	Anthracene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
92-87-5	Benzidine	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
56-55-3	Benzo (a) anthracene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
205-99-2	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
207-08-9	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
50-32-8	Benzo (a) pyrene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
111-44-4	Bis 2-Chloroethyl Ether	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR

CASRN	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE Type ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENC	
108-60-1	Bis 2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td colspan="2">1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
117-81-7	Bis 2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate (syn. = Di-2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate)	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
85-68-7	Butyl benzyl phthalate	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
218-01-9	Chrysene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
53-70-3	Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	610/625	20.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	602/624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	602/624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	602/624	. 10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
91-94-1	3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
84-74-2	Di-n-butyl Phthalate (synonym = Dibutyl Phthalate)	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
122-66-7	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	625/ 8270C/8270D	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
86-73-7	Fluorene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>, 'G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	, 'G	1/5 YR	
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	610/625	20.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
78-59-1	Isophorone	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
62-75-9	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	625	(4)	, <ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
621-64-7	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	
129-00-0	Pyrene	610/625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G .</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G .	1/5 YR	
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR	

VOLATILES

CASRN	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENCY							
107-02-8	Acrolein	624	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	624	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
71-43-2	71-43-2 Benzene		10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
75-25-2	Bromoform	624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene (synonym = Monochlorobenzene)	602/624	50.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
124-48-1	Chlorodibromomethane	624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
67-66-3	Chloroform	624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
156-60-5	1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	624	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	624	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
542-75-6	1,3-Dichloropropene	624	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	602/624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
74-83-9	Methyl Bromide (synonym = Bromomethane)	624	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride (synonym = Dichloromethane)	624	20.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene	5 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane Tetrachloroethylene	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	624	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
127-18-4									Disease contains assessed and property	District contratts and entire and an article and article artic	Control control of the control of th	Committee to the committee of the commit	The Control of the Co
10-88-3	Toluene	602/624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	624	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene (synonym = Trichloroethene)	624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	624	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
	A	CID EXTRA	CTABLES										
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
120-83-2	2,4 Dichlorophenol	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
105-67-9	2,4 Dimethylphenol	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
534-52-1	2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	625	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							
25154-52-3	Nonylphenol	ASTM D 7065-06	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR							

CASRN	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL ⁽¹⁾	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE ⁽²⁾	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	625	50.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
108-95-2	Phenol	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	625	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
		MISCELLA	NEOUS			
776-41-7	Ammonia as NH3-N	350.1	200	<ql< td=""><td>С</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	С	1/5 YR
16887-00-6	Chloride	(3)	(4)	101	С	1/5 YR (FW and PWS
7782-50-5	Chlorine, Total Residual	(3)	100	ND	G	1/5 YR
57-12-5	Cyanide, Free (8)	ASTM 4282-02	10.0	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
N/A	E. coli / Enterococcus (N/CML)	(3)	(4)	<1	G	1/5 YR
18496-25-8	Sulfide, dissolved (7)	SM 4500 S ² B	100	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
60-10-5	Tributyltin	(5)	(4)	<ql< td=""><td>G</td><td>1/5 YR</td></ql<>	G	1/5 YR
471-34-1	Hardness (mg/L as CaCO ₃)	(3)	. (4)	85.9	G	1/5 YR (FW & TZs)

Name of Principal Executive Officer or Authorized Agent & Title

Signature of Principal Executive Officer or Authorized Agent & Date I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in

accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 and 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1319. (Penalties under these statutes may include fines up to \$10,000 and or maximum imprisonment of between 6 months and 5 years.)

FOOTNOTES:

Quantification level (QL) means the minimum levels, concentrations, or quantities of a target variable (e.g. target analyte) that can be reported with a specified degree of confidence in accordance with 1VAC30-45, Certification for Noncommercial Environmental Laboratories, or 1VAC30-46, Accreditation for Commercial Environmental Laboratories.

The quantification levels indicated for the metals are actually Specific Target Values developed for this permit. The Specific Target Value is the approximate value that may initiate a wasteload allocation analysis. Target values are not wasteload allocations or effluent limitations. The Specific Target Values are subject to change based on additional information such as hardness data, receiving stream flow, and design flows.

Units for the quantification level are micrograms/liter unless otherwise specified.

Quality control and quality assurance information (i.e. laboratory certificates of analysis) shall be submitted to document that the required quantification level has been attained.

(2) Sample Type

G = Grab = An individual sample collected in less than 15 minutes. Substances specified with "grab" sample type shall only be collected as grabs. The permittee may analyze multiple grabs and report the average results provided that the individual grab results are also reported. For grab metals samples, the individual samples shall be filtered and preserved immediately upon collection.

C = Composite = A 24-hour (PW - Revise as required to require same composite duration as BOD₅) composite unless otherwise specified. The composite shall be a combination of individual samples, taken proportional to flow, obtained at hourly or smaller time intervals. The individual samples may be of equal volume for flows that do not vary by +/- 10 percent over a 24-hour period.

- (3) A specific analytical method is not specified; however, an appropriate method to meet the QL shall be selected from any approved method presented in 40 CFR Part 136.
- (4) The QL is at the discretion of the permittee. If the test result is less than the method QL, a "<[QL]" shall be reported where the actual analytical test QL is substituted for [QL].
- (5) Analytical Methods: Analysis of Butyltins in Environmental Systems by the Virginia Institute of Marine Science, dated November 1996 (currently the only Virginia Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (VELAP) accredited method).
- (6) Both Chromium III and Chromium VI may be measured by the total chromium analysis. The total chromium analytical test QL shall be less than or equal to the lesser of the Chromium III or Chromium VI method QL listed above. If the result of the total chromium analysis is less than the analytical test QL, both Chromium III and Chromium VI can be reported as "<[QL]", where the actual analytical test QL is substituted for [QL].
- (7) Dissolved sulfide may be measured by the total sulfide analysis. The total sulfide analytical test QL shall be less than or equal to the dissolved sulfide method QL listed above. If the result of the total sulfide analysis is less than the analytical test QL, dissolved sulfide can be reported as "<[QL]", where the actual analytical test QL is substituted for [QL].</p>
- (8) Free cyanide may be measured by the total cyanide analysis. The total cyanide analytical test QL shall be less than or equal to the free cyanide method QL listed above. If the result of the total cyanide analysis is less than the analytical test QL, free cyanide can be reported as "<[QL]", where the actual analytical test QL is substituted for [QL].

Attachment F

Effluent Limitation Development:

Modeling Memo MSTRANTI Data Source Report MSTRANTI STATS.exe

THE SIMULATION STARTS AT THE Haynesville DISCHARGE

PROPOSED PERMIT LIMITS

THE MAXIMUM CHLORINE ALLOWABLE IN THE DISCHARGE 18 0.011 Mg/l, ****

THE SECTION BEING MODELLED IS BROKEN INTO 2 SEGMENTS RESULTS WILL BE GIVEN AT 0.1 MILE INTERVALS

BACKGROUND CONDITIONS

THE TOTO STREAM FLOW AT THE DISCHARGE IS 0.00000 MGD

THE DISSOLVED OXYGEN OF THE STREAM IS 7.489 Mg/L

THE BACKGROUND CHOOM OF THE STREAM IS 5 Mg/L

THE BACKGROUND NEOD OF THE STREAM IS 0 Mg/1

MODEL PARAMETERS

SIXI.	LEN. Mi	VIII F/S	K 2 1 / D	K 1 1 / I)	KN 1/D	BENITHIC Mg/L	FLEV.	TEMP.	DO-SAT Mr/L
1 2	0.40 0.80		20.000 18.750	1.400	0.350	0.000 0.000	50.00	25.00 25.00	8.321

(The K Rates shown are at 20°C ... the model corrects them for temperature.)



RESPONSE FOR STOMENT 1

TOTAL STREAMFLOW -0.1780 MOID (Including Discharge)

DISTANCE FROM HEAD OF SEGMENT (MI,)	PERMANDER LATOR LEGOM MORE LEGOM MORE (.IM) FARINATES	DISSOLVED OXYGEN (Mg/L)	c PODa (Mg/L)	nBODu (Mg/L)
0.000	0.000	5.500	37.500	0.000
0.100	0.100	5.480	36.671	0.000
0.200	0.200	5.482	35.860	0.000
0.300	0.300	5.498	35.068	0.000
0.400	0.400	5.526	34.292	0.000

FOR THE DISCHARGE AT THE END OF SEGMENT 1

DISCHARGER = unnamed

chobs = 2 Mg/L TKN = 1 Mg/L D.O. = 8 Mg/L

FLOW FROM INCREMENTAL DRAINAGE AREA - 0.0000 MGD

TOTAL STREAMFLOW = 0.1797 MGI)
(Including Discharge, Tributaries and Incremental D.A. Flow)

DISTANCE FROM HEAD OF SEGMENT (MI.)	TOTAL DISTANCE FROM MODEL BEGINNING (M1.)	DISSOLVED OXYGEN (Mg/L)	cDODu ((Mg/L)	nBODu (Mg/L)
0.000	0.400	5.549	34.019	0,000
0.100	0.500	5,544	32,999	0.000
0.200	W.600	5.567	32.011	0,000
0.300	0.700	5.607	31.052	9.999
0.400	0,800	5.659	30.121	0.000
0.500	Ø.900	5.719	29.219	0,000
0.600	1.000	5.783	28.343	0.000
0.700	1.100	5.849	27.494	0.000
0.800	1.200	5.917	26.670	Ø.ØØØ

REGIONAL MODELING SYSTEM 01-20-1994 14:03:27

Ver 3.2 (OWRM - 9/90)

DATA FILE = 194.MOD

To:

Diane O. Cook@RCHMD@DEQ

Cc:

Bcc:

From:

Denise M. Mosca@KLMCK@DEQ

Subject:

re: stream model

Date:

Thursday, March 18, 1999 16:41:12 EST

Attach:

Certify:

N

Forwarded by:

OK, here's the regional model--Back in '94 I also ran at flow 0.178 MGD as well.

So, we're ok with increased flow.

denise





REGIONAL MODELLING SYSTEM VERSION 3.2

MODEL SIMULATION FOR THE Haynesville Correctional Center DISCHARGE

TO UTRIB Garland's Mill pond

COMMENT: 7Q10 of zero

THE SIMULATION STARTS AT THE Haynesville Correctional Center DISCHARGE

T(CW = .15 MGD - CDO)5 = 15 Mg/L TKN = 3 Mg/L $D_1O_2 = 5.5 Mg/L$

**** THE MAXIMUM CHEORINE ALLOWABLE IN THE DISCHARGE IS 0.011 Mg/I. ***

THE SECTION BEING MODELED IS BROKEN INTO 2 SEGMENTS RESULTS WILL BE GIVEN AT 0.1 MILE INTERVALS

BACKGROUND CONDITIONS

THE 7Q10 STREAM FLOW AT THE DISCHARGE IS 0.00000 MGD

THE DISSOLVED OXYGEN OF THE STREAM IS 7,489 Mg/L

THE BACKOROUND CHOOM OF THE STREAM IS 5 Mg/L

THE BACKGROUND DECD OF THE STREAM IS 0 Mg/L

MODEL PARAMETERS

SEG.	LEN. Mi	VH. F/S	K2 17D			BENTHIC Mg/L		TEMP. °C	DO-SAT Mg/L
						president some	~ ~ ~ ~ ~		
1	0,40	Ø.480	20.000	1.400	0.350	0.762	50.00	25.00	8.321
2	0.80	0. 354	18.750	1,400	0.350	ଡ. ଉଚ୍ଚ	27.50	25.00	8.327

(The K Rates shown are at 20°C ... the model corrects them for temperature.)





RESPONSE FOR SEGMENT 1

TOTAL STREAMPLOW = 0.1500 MGD (Including Discharge)

DISTANCE PIKOM HEAD OF SEGMENT (M1.)	TOTAL DISTANCE FROM MORE DEGINNING (MI.)	DISSOLVED OXYGEN (Mg/L)	cFCDa (Mg/L)	nHODu (Mg/L)
0.000	0,000	5.500	37.500	0.000
0.100	0.100	5,468	36,671	0.000
0.200	0,200	5.460	35.860	0.000
0.300	0.300	5.470	35.068	0.000
0.400	0.400	5,492	34.292	0.000

POR THE DISCHARGE AT THE END OF SEGMENT 1

DISCHARGER - unnamed

FLOW = .00168 MGD c1KN35 = 2 Mg/L TKN = 1 Mg/L D.O. = 8 Mg/L

PROM PROM INCREMENTAL DRAINAGE AREA - 0.0014 MGD





RESPONSE FOR SEGMENT 2

TOTAL STREAMFLOW = 0.1531 MGD (Including Discharge, Tributaries and Incremental D.A. Flow)

DISTANCE PROM HEAD OF SEGMENT (MI.)	TOTAL DISTANCE LECOM MORE DECENTION DOLL OLIM) DATANTES	DISSOLVED OXYGEN (Mg/L)	cEODu (Mg/L)	nBODu (Mg/l)
0.000	0.400	5,538	33.699	0.000
0.100	0.500	5,545	32.689	0.000
0.200	0.600	5.575	31.710	0.000
0.300	0.700	5.620	30.760	0.000
0.400	Ø,800	5,676	29,838	0.000
0.500	0.900	5.737	28.944	0.000
0.600	1.000	5.802	28. 07 7	0.000
0.700	1.100	5.870	27.236	0.000
0.800	1.200	5.937	26.420	0.000

REGIONAL MODELING SYSTEM 06-08-1994 11:24:39

Ver 3,2 (OWRM - 9/90)

DATA FILE * ZERO.MOD



MSTRANTI DATA SOURCE REPORT

Stream In	formation
Mean Hardness	The receiving streets is a Tier 1
90% Temperature (annual)	The receiving stream is a Tier 1, intermittent stream. During low flow conditions the stream is assumed to
90% Temperature (wet season)	be dry, and therefore, the stream flow consists entirely of effluent
90% Maximum pH	flow. The effluent conditions are used for the stream data in the
10% Maximum pH	MSTRANTI spreadsheet.
Tier Designation	Flow Frequency Memo
Stream	Flows
All Data	The receiving stream is a Tier 1, intermittent stream. During low flow conditions the stream is assumed to be dry, and therefore, the stream flow consists entirely of effluent flow. The effluent conditions are used for the stream data in the MSTRANTI spreadsheet.
Mixing In	formation
All Data	Because the stream flows during low flow conditions are assumed to be 100% effluent, 100% mixing is assumed.
Effluent In	formation
Mean Hardness	Attachment A – Water Quality Criteria Monitoring Form
90% Temperature (annual)	Application Data
90% Maximum pH	DMR Data
10% Maximum pH	DMR Data
Discharge Flow	Application Data

Data Location:

Flow Frequency Memo – Attachment A Water Quality Criteria Memo – Attachment E Application Data – Attachment E DMR Data – Attachment E

FRESHWATER WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Facility Name: DOC Haynesville Correctional Center Permit No.: VA0023469

Receiving Stream: UT to Marshy Swamp Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00)

 Stream Information

 Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =
 85.9 mg/L

 90% Temperature (Annual) =
 30.3 deg C

 90% Temperature (Wet season) =
 deg C

 90% Maximum pH =
 8.5 SU

 10% Maximum pH =
 7.9 SU

 Tier Designation (1 or 2) =
 1

 Public Water Supply (PWS) Y/N? =
 N

 Trout Present Y/N? =
 N

 Early Life Stages Present Y/N? =
 Y

Stream Flows		
1Q10 (Annual) =	0	MGD
7Q10 (Annual) =	0	MGD
30Q10 (Annual) =	0	MGD
1Q10 (Wet season) =	0	MGD
30Q10 (Wet season)	0	MGD
30Q5 =	0	MGD
Harmonic Mean =	0	MGD

Mixing Information		
Annual - 1Q10 Mix =	100	%
- 7Q10 Mix =	100	%
- 30Q10 Mix =	100	%
Wet Season - 1Q10 Mix =		%
- 30Q10 Mix =		%

Effluent Information		
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	85.9	mg/L
90% Temp (Annual) =	30.3	deg C
90% Temp (Wet season) =		deg C
90% Maximum pH =	8.3	SU
10% Maximum pH =	7.9	SU
Discharge Flow =	0.178	MGD

Parameter	Background				Allocations			Antidegrada	ation Baseline		А	ntidegradati	on Allocations		Most Limiting Allocation						
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН
Acenapthene	0			na	9.9E+02			na	9.9E+02											na	9.9E+02
Acrolein	0			na	9.3E+00			na	9.3E+00											na	9.3E+00
Acrylonitrile ^C	0			na	2.5E+00			na	2.5E+00											na	2.5E+00
Aldrin ^C Ammonia-N (mg/l)	0	3.0E+00		na	5.0E-04	3.0E+00		na	5.0E-04									3.0E+00		na	5.0E-04
(Yearly) Ammonia-N (mg/l)	0	4.71E+00	5.51E-01	na		4.71E+00	5.51E-01	na										4.71E+00	5.51E-01	na	
(High Flow)	0	4.71E+00	1.52E+00	na		4.71E+00	1.52E+00	na										4.71E+00	1.52E+00	na	
Anthracene	0			na	4.0E+04			na	4.0E+04									-	-	na	4.0E+04
Antimony	0			na	6.4E+02			na	6.4E+02											na	6.4E+02
Arsenic	0	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	na		3.4E+02	1.5E+02	na										3.4E+02	1.5E+02	na	
Barium	0			na				na												na	
Benzene ^C	0			na	5.1E+02			na	5.1E+02											na	5.1E+02
Benzidine ^C	0			na	2.0E-03			na	2.0E-03											na	2.0E-03
Benzo (a) anthracene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.8E-01											na	1.8E-01
Benzo (b) fluoranthene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.8E-01											na	1.8E-01
Benzo (k) fluoranthene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.8E-01											na	1.8E-01
Benzo (a) pyrene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.8E-01											na	1.8E-01
Bis2-Chloroethyl Ether ^C	0			na	5.3E+00			na	5.3E+00											na	5.3E+00
Bis2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	0			na	6.5E+04			na	6.5E+04											na	6.5E+04
Bis 2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate ^C	0			na	2.2E+01			na	2.2E+01											na	2.2E+01
Bromoform ^C	0			na	1.4E+03			na	1.4E+03											na	1.4E+03
Butylbenzylphthalate	0			na	1.9E+03			na	1.9E+03											na	1.9E+03
Cadmium	0	3.3E+00	1.0E+00	na		3.3E+00	1.0E+00	na										3.3E+00	1.0E+00	na	
Carbon Tetrachloride ^C	0			na	1.6E+01			na	1.6E+01											na	1.6E+01
Chlordane ^C	0	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	na	8.1E-03	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	na	8.1E-03									2.4E+00	4.3E-03	na	8.1E-03
Chloride	0	8.6E+05	2.3E+05	na		8.6E+05	2.3E+05	na										8.6E+05	2.3E+05	na	
TRC	0	1.9E+01	1.1E+01	na		1.9E+01	1.1E+01	na										1.9E+01	1.1E+01	na	
Chlorobenzene	0			na	1.6E+03			na	1.6E+03											na	1.6E+03

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	litv Criteria			Wasteload	Allocations			Antidegradati	on Baseline		,	Antidegrada	tion Allocations			Most Limitine	g Allocations	
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic H	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	нн
Chlorodibromomethane ^C	0			na	1.3E+02			na	1.3E+02											na	1.3E+02
Chloroform	0			na	1.1E+04			na	1.1E+04											na	1.1E+04
2-Chloronaphthalene	0			na	1.6E+03			na	1.6E+03											na	1.6E+03
2-Chlorophenol	0			na	1.5E+02			na	1.5E+02											na	1.5E+02
Chlorpyrifos	0	8.3E-02	4.1E-02	na		8.3E-02	4.1E-02	na										8.3E-02	4.1E-02	na	
Chromium III	0	5.0E+02	6.5E+01	na		5.0E+02	6.5E+01	na										5.0E+02	6.5E+01	na	
Chromium VI	0	1.6E+01	1.1E+01	na		1.6E+01	1.1E+01	na										1.6E+01	1.1E+01	na	
Chromium, Total	0			1.0E+02				na												na	
Chrysene C	0			na	1.8E-02			na	1.8E-02											na	1.8E-02
Copper	0	1.2E+01	7.9E+00	na		1.2E+01	7.9E+00	na										1.2E+01	7.9E+00	na	
Cyanide, Free	0	2.2E+01	5.2E+00	na	1.6E+04	2.2E+01	5.2E+00	na	1.6E+04									2.2E+01	5.2E+00	na	1.6E+04
DDD ^C	0			na	3.1E-03			na	3.1E-03											na	3.1E-03
DDE C	0			na	2.2E-03			na	2.2E-03											na	2.2E-03
DDT ^C	0	1.1E+00	1.0E-03	na	2.2E-03	1.1E+00	1.0E-03	na	2.2E-03									1.1E+00	1.0E-03	na	2.2E-03
Demeton	0		1.0E-01	na			1.0E-01	na											1.0E-01	na	
Diazinon	0	1.7E-01	1.7E-01	na		1.7E-01	1.7E-01	na										1.7E-01	1.7E-01	na	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene ^C	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.8E-01											na	1.8E-01
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0			na	1.3E+03			na	1.3E+03											na	1.3E+03
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0			na	9.6E+02			na	9.6E+02											na	9.6E+02
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0			na	1.9E+02			na	1.9E+02											na	1.9E+02
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine ^C	0			na	2.8E-01			na	2.8E-01											na	2.8E-01
Dichlorobromomethane ^C	0			na	1.7E+02			na	1.7E+02											na	1.7E+02
1,2-Dichloroethane ^C	0			na	3.7E+02			na	3.7E+02											na	3.7E+02
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0			na	7.1E+03			na	7.1E+03											na	7.1E+03
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	0			na	1.0E+04			na	1.0E+04											na	1.0E+04
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0			na	2.9E+02			na	2.9E+02											na	2.9E+02
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy	0																				
acetic acid (2,4-D) 1,2-Dichloropropane ^C	0			na				na			-							-	-	na	4.55.00
1,3-Dichloropropane	0			na	1.5E+02 2.1E+02			na na	1.5E+02 2.1E+02		-									na na	1.5E+02 2.1E+02
Dieldrin ^C	0	2.4E-01	5.6E-02	na	5.4E-04	2.4E-01	5.6E-02		5.4E-04									2.4E-01	5.6E-02		5.4E-04
Diethyl Phthalate	0	2.46-01	5.6E-02	na	4.4E+04	2.46-01	5.6E-02	na										2.4E-01	3.0E-02	na	4.4E+04
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0			na na	4.4E+04 8.5E+02			na na	4.4E+04 8.5E+02	-										na na	4.4E+04 8.5E+02
2,4-Dimethylphenol Dimethyl Phthalate	0				8.5E+02 1.1E+06			na	1.1E+06	-										na na	8.5E+02 1.1E+06
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	0			na na	4.5E+03			na	4.5E+03											na na	4.5E+03
2,4 Dinitrophenol	0			na	5.3E+03			na	5.3E+03											na	5.3E+03
2,4 Dinitrophenol 2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	0			na na	5.3E+03 2.8E+02			na	2.8E+02	-										na na	5.3E+03 2.8E+02
2,4-Dinitrotoluene ^C	0				3.4E+01				3.4E+01	-											2.8E+02 3.4E+01
Dioxin 2,3,7,8-	U			na	3.4⊑+01			na	J.4E+UI											na	3.4⊑+01
tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	0			na	5.1E-08			na	5.1E-08											na	5.1E-08
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine ^C	0			na	2.0E+00			na	2.0E+00											na	2.0E+00
Alpha-Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	na	8.9E+01	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	na	8.9E+01					-				2.2E-01	5.6E-02	na	8.9E+01
Beta-Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	na	8.9E+01	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	na	8.9E+01									2.2E-01	5.6E-02	na	8.9E+01
Alpha + Beta Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02			2.2E-01	5.6E-02											2.2E-01	5.6E-02	-	
Endosulfan Sulfate	0			na	8.9E+01			na	8.9E+01											na	8.9E+01
Endrin	0	8.6E-02	3.6E-02	na	6.0E-02	8.6E-02	3.6E-02	na	6.0E-02									8.6E-02	3.6E-02	na	6.0E-02
Endrin Aldehyde	0			na	3.0E-01			na	3.0E-01											na	3.0E-01

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	lity Criteria			Wasteload	Allocations			Antidegrada	tion Baseline		А	ntidegradatio	n Allocations			Most Limitin	g Allocations	
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН
Ethylbenzene	0			na	2.1E+03			na	2.1E+03											na	2.1E+03
Fluoranthene	0			na	1.4E+02			na	1.4E+02											na	1.4E+02
Fluorene	0			na	5.3E+03			na	5.3E+03											na	5.3E+03
Foaming Agents	0			na				na												na	
Guthion	0		1.0E-02	na			1.0E-02	na											1.0E-02	na	
Heptachlor ^C	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	7.9E-04	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	7.9E-04									5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	7.9E-04
Heptachlor Epoxide ^C	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	3.9E-04	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	3.9E-04									5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	3.9E-04
Hexachlorobenzene ^C	0			na	2.9E-03			na	2.9E-03											na	2.9E-03
Hexachlorobutadiene ^C	0			na	1.8E+02			na	1.8E+02											na	1.8E+02
Hexachlorocyclohexane																					
Alpha-BHC ^C	0			na	4.9E-02			na	4.9E-02											na	4.9E-02
Hexachlorocyclohexane					_				_												
Beta-BHC ^C	0			na	1.7E-01			na	1.7E-01									-		na	1.7E-01
Hexachlorocyclohexane Gamma-BHC ^C (Lindane)	0	9.5E-01	na	na	1.8E+00	9.5E-01		na	1.8E+00							_		9.5E-01		na	1.8E+00
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0	3.5L-01			1.1E+03	3.5L-01			1.1E+03									3.5L-01			1.1E+03
Hexachloroethane ^C	0			na na	3.3E+01			na na	3.3E+01											na na	3.3E+01
Hydrogen Sulfide	0				3.3E+U1				3.3E+01									-	2.05.00		3.3E+U1
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene ^C	-	-	2.0E+00	na			2.0E+00	na										-	2.0E+00	na	
	0			na	1.8E-01			na	1.8E-01							-		-	-	na	1.8E-01
Iron	0			na				na											-	na	
Isophorone ^C	0			na	9.6E+03			na	9.6E+03											na	9.6E+03
Kepone	0		0.0E+00	na			0.0E+00	na										-	0.0E+00	na	-
Lead	0	9.8E+01	1.1E+01	na		9.8E+01	1.1E+01	na										9.8E+01	1.1E+01	na	
Malathion	0		1.0E-01	na			1.0E-01	na											1.0E-01	na	
Manganese	0			na				na												na	
Mercury	0	1.4E+00	7.7E-01			1.4E+00	7.7E-01											1.4E+00	7.7E-01		
Methyl Bromide	0			na	1.5E+03			na	1.5E+03											na	1.5E+03
Methylene Chloride ^C	0			na	5.9E+03			na	5.9E+03									-		na	5.9E+03
Methoxychlor	0		3.0E-02	na			3.0E-02	na										-	3.0E-02	na	-
Mirex	0		0.0E+00	na			0.0E+00	na											0.0E+00	na	
Nickel	0	1.6E+02	1.8E+01	na	4.6E+03	1.6E+02	1.8E+01	na	4.6E+03									1.6E+02	1.8E+01	na	4.6E+03
Nitrate (as N)	0			na				na												na	
Nitrobenzene	0			na	6.9E+02			na	6.9E+02									-		na	6.9E+02
N-Nitrosodimethylamine ^C	0			na	3.0E+01			na	3.0E+01											na	3.0E+01
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine ^C	0			na	6.0E+01			na	6.0E+01											na	6.0E+01
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine ^C	0			na	5.1E+00			na	5.1E+00											na	5.1E+00
Nonylphenol	0	2.8E+01	6.6E+00			2.8E+01	6.6E+00	na										2.8E+01	6.6E+00	na	
Parathion	0	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	na		6.5E-02	1.3E-02	na										6.5E-02	1.3E-02	na	
PCB Total ^C	0		1.4E-02	na	6.4E-04		1.4E-02	na	6.4E-04										1.4E-02	na	6.4E-04
Pentachlorophenol ^C	0	2.2E+01	1.7E+01	na	3.0E+01	2.2E+01	1.7E+01	na	3.0E+01									2.2E+01	1.7E+01	na	3.0E+01
Phenol	0			na	8.6E+05			na	8.6E+05											na	8.6E+05
Pyrene	0			na	4.0E+03			na	4.0E+03											na	4.0E+03
Radionuclides	0			na				na												na	
Gross Alpha Activity																					
(pCi/L) Beta and Photon Activity	0			na				na										-	-	na	
(mrem/yr)	0			na				na												na	
Radium 226 + 228 (pCi/L)	0			na				na												na	
Uranium (ug/l)	0			na				na												na	

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	lity Criteria		Wasteload Allocations					Antidegrad	ation Baseline		А	ntidegradati	on Allocations		Most Limiting Allocations			
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	НН
Selenium, Total Recoverable	0	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	na	4.2E+03	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	na	4.2E+03									2.0E+01	5.0E+00	na	4.2E+03
Silver	0	2.7E+00		na		2.7E+00		na										2.7E+00		na	
Sulfate	0			na				na												na	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ^C	0			na	4.0E+01			na	4.0E+01											na	4.0E+01
Tetrachloroethylene ^C	0			na	3.3E+01			na	3.3E+01											na	3.3E+01
Thallium	0			na	4.7E-01			na	4.7E-01											na	4.7E-01
Toluene	0			na	6.0E+03			na	6.0E+03											na	6.0E+03
Total dissolved solids	0			na				na												na	
Toxaphene ^C	0	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	na	2.8E-03	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	na	2.8E-03									7.3E-01	2.0E-04	na	2.8E-03
Tributyltin	0	4.6E-01	7.2E-02	na		4.6E-01	7.2E-02	na										4.6E-01	7.2E-02	na	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0			na	7.0E+01			na	7.0E+01											na	7.0E+01
1,1,2-Trichloroethane ^C	0			na	1.6E+02			na	1.6E+02											na	1.6E+02
Trichloroethylene ^C	0			na	3.0E+02			na	3.0E+02											na	3.0E+02
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol ^C	0			na	2.4E+01			na	2.4E+01											na	2.4E+01
2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy) propionic acid (Silvex)	0			na				na										-		na	-
Vinyl Chloride ^C	0			na	2.4E+01			na	2.4E+01											na	2.4E+01
Zinc	0	1.0E+02	1.0E+02	na	2.6E+04	1.0E+02	1.0E+02	na	2.6E+04									1.0E+02	1.0E+02	na	2.6E+04

Notes:

- 1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise
- 2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals
- 3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise
- 4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter
- Regular WLAs are mass balances (minus background concentration) using the % of stream flow entered above under Mixing Information.Antidegradation WLAs are based upon a complete mix.
- 6. Antideg. Baseline = (0.25(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for acute and chronic
 - = (0.1(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for human health
- 7. WLAs established at the following stream flows: 1Q10 for Acute, 30Q10 for Chronic Ammonia, 7Q10 for Other Chronic, 30Q5 for Non-carcinogens and Harmonic Mean for Carcinogens. To apply mixing ratios from a model set the stream flow equal to (mixing ratio 1), effluent flow equal to 1 and 100% mix.

Metal	Target Value (SSTV)	No
Antimony	6.4E+02	mir
Arsenic	9.0E+01	gui
Barium	na	
Cadmium	6.0E-01	
Chromium III	3.9E+01	
Chromium VI	6.4E+00	
Copper	4.7E+00	
Iron	na	
Lead	6.7E+00	
Manganese	na	
Mercury	4.6E-01	
Nickel	1.1E+01	
Selenium	3.0E+00	
Silver	1.1E+00	
Zinc	4.1E+01	1

Note: do not use QL's lower than the minimum QL's provided in agency guidance

8/25/2015 4:25:32 PM

```
Facility = Haynesville CC
Chemical = Copper
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 12
WLAc = 7.9
Q.L. = 1.5
# samples/mo. = 1
# samples/wk. = 1
```

Summary of Statistics:

```
# observations = 30

Expected Value = 2.80263

Variance = 1.84355

C.V. = 0.484464

97th percentile daily values = 5.88203

97th percentile 4 day average = 4.13667

97th percentile 30 day average = 3.23669

# < Q.L. = 6

Model used = delta lognormal
```

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

```
7.42
5.67
3.5
2.6
2.4
2.13
4.37
3.65
4.4
0
0
0
2.3
1.7
1.7
1.34
0
2.6
2.45
2.83
2.3
2.5
2.76
```

3.32

2.6 2.26

0 1.8 6.4 1.78

10/30/2015 10:19:09 AM

Facility = Haynesville Correctional Center Chemical = Ammonia Chronic averaging period = 30 WLAa = 4.71 WLAc = 0.551 Q.L. = 0.2 # samples/mo. = 12 # samples/wk. = 3

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1

Expected Value = 9

Variance = 29.16

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 21.9007

97th percentile 4 day average = 14.9741

97th percentile 30 day average = 10.8544

< Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 1.11173622147239
Average Weekly limit = 0.813172455170699
Average Monthly Llmit = 0.605707193699853

The data are:

9

6/19/2015 11:07:23 AM

Facility = Haynesville CC Chemical = TRC Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 19 WLAc = 11 Q.L. = 0.1 # samples/mo. = 90 # samples/wk. = 21

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1

Expected Value = 20000

Variance = 1440000

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 48668.3

97th percentile 4 day average = 33275.8

97th percentile 30 day average = 24121.0

< Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 16.0883226245855
Average Weekly limit = 8.37736286379464
Average Monthly Llmit = 7.39793639872119

The data are:

20000

8/24/2015 2:05:37 PM

```
Facility = Haynesville CC
Chemical = Zinc
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 100
WLAc = 100
Q.L. = 3.6
# samples/mo. = 1
# samples/wk. = 1
```

Summary of Statistics:

```
# observations = 6
Expected Value = 5.35808
Variance = 10.3352
C.V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 13.0384
97th percentile 4 day average = 8.91472
97th percentile 30 day average = 6.46213
# < Q.L. = 2
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, Type 1 data
```

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

27.4 26.3 0 0 16.1 14.7

8/31/2015 1:34:41 PM

Facility = Haynesville CC
Chemical = Chloride
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 860000
WLAc = 230000
Q.L. = 12.0
samples/mo. = 1
samples/wk. = 1

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1

Expected Value = 101

Variance = 3672.36

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 245.775

97th percentile 4 day average = 168.042

97th percentile 30 day average = 121.811

< Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

101

8/31/2015 1:33:18 PM

Facility = Haynesville CC
Chemical = Nickel
Chronic averaging period = 4
WLAa = 160
WLAc = 18
Q.L. = 0.5
samples/mo. = 1
samples/wk. = 1

Summary of Statistics:

observations = 1

Expected Value = .54

Variance = .104976

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 1.31404

97th percentile 4 day average = .898446

97th percentile 30 day average = .651268

< Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

0.54

FRESHWATER WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Haynesville Correctional Facility Facility Name:

UT Garland's Mill Pond

Receiving Stream:

Permit No.: VA0023469

Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00)

Stream Information		Ü
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	39.3 mo/l	5 ÷
90% Temperature (Annual) =	20.38 dea 7	∠ }
90% Temperature (Wet season) =	NA dea	₹ 8
90% Maximum pH ≖) fan (2)	S (
10% Maximum pH =	On Silv	2 8
Tier Designation (1 or 2) =	00	9 8
Public Water Supply (PWS) Y/N? =	Z. Z.	9 :
Trout Present Y/N? =	2 2	E <
Early Life Stages Present Y/N? =		An

Stream Flows		Mi
1Q10 (Annual) =	0 MGD	And
7Q10 (Annual) =	O MGD	
30Q10 (Annual) ≈	0. MGD	
1Q10 (Wet season) =	0 MGD	Wei
30Q10 (Wet season)	0 MGD	
3005 =	0 MGD	
Harmonic Mean ≖	0 MGD	
Annual Average =	0 MGD	

Mixing Information		Efflight Information		
⁴ nnual - 1Q10 Μix = - 7Q10 Μix = - 30Q10 Mix =	100 % 100 % 100 %	Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) = 90% Temp (Annual) = 90% Temp (Wet season) =	32 mg/L 29.7 deg C	
Net Season - 1Q10 Mix = -30Q10 Mix =	100 % 100 %	90% Maximum pH = 10% Maximum pH =	8.7 SU 8.7 SU NA SU	
		Discharge Flow ≂	0.178 MGD	

	Background		Water O	Water Quality Criteria			Wastelnad Allocations	llocations			-									
			-													***************************************				
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	1	Г	C. C	MICCAROTIS	+	Ā	nidegradatic	Antidegradation Baseline		Antid	Antidegradation Allocations	940			-	
Acenapthene	c			200		Acute	Chronic HH	H (PWS)	Ŧ	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	H (PWS)	77		Serandi Allocat	1	-	Most Limi	Most Limiting Allocations	10
	>	!	i	g	2.7E+03	1	1	na	2 7F±03	1		(CAA)) !!!		Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ħ
O'CONT.	0	1	1	a	7.8E+02	1	1		2 6	ı	ì	ı	1	;	1	ı				3.75.6
Actyonime	0	1	ı	2	S SELOO	-		ğ	7.0E+0Z	t	ı	1	1	1	ı	1			2	Z./ ETUS
Aldrin c	0	3.05+00		2	0.05.400	ł	1	Eg.	6.6E+00	ì	ı	1	,	1		ı	ı	:	ae	7.8E+02
Ammonia-N (mg/l)		200	1	ā	1.4E-03	3.0E+00	1	egu	1.4E-03	ŧ	;	i		ı	1	1	1	ı	เกล	6.6E+00
(Tearly) Ammonia-N (mg/l)	0	2.20E+00	2.92E-01	na	ı	2.2E+00	2.9E-01	2					l	ł	1	1	3.0E+00	;	กล	1.4E-03
(High Flow)	0	2 20F±00	#////					?	I	1	ŀ	1	1	:	1	ı	2.2E+00	2.9E-01	2	
Anthracene	c	8		e	ı	2.2E+00 #	#######	па	1	1	1	ı							<u> </u>	ı
Antimony	-	;	;	па	1.1E+05	ı	!	ē	1.1F+05	i		I	ı	ı	1	1	2.2E+00	#VALUE!	e e	1
Areanin	0	;	ŀ	na	4.3E+03	ı	ı	eu P	4 3F+03	ŀ	ı	ì	ı	ı	1	1	;	;	e	1.15+05
2	0	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	na	1	3.45+02	1 55200		3	;	t	1	1	1	;	1		,	! ;	
Barium	0	ì	ı	Ç			1. JL 1 UE	œ.		ŧ	1.	ı	-	1	1			ŀ	TE .	4.3E+03
Benzene ^c	c	i		<u>.</u>	ı	:	1	na	ì	ı	1	;			!	ı	3,4E+02	1.5E+02	e u	
Benzidine ^C		,	:	e e	7.1E+02	1	ı	na 7	7.1E+02	1	ı	ı		Į	!	1	ı	:	na	
Benzo (a) anthracene ^c		ľ	ı	æ	5.4E-03	;	ı	na £	5.4E-03	i	1		 I	1	1	1	ı	ŧ	na	7.1E+02
Benzo (b) fluoranthene ^c	- ·	Ì	1	ē	4.9E-01	1	1	na 4	4.9E-01	3		ı	1	i	1	ŧ	ŀ	ı	æ	5.4E-03
Benzo (k) fluoranthono C	-	1	į	. E	4.9E-01	i	;	na 4	4 9F.04		ı	į	1	1	!	ı	1	1	ē	4 9E.04
Benzo (a) pursoo c	•	ì	i	na	4.9E-01	ı	ı	. 60	7 HO 17	ı	;	1	1	ı	1	1	1	;	e c	200
ימי האופוום	0	1	1	na	4 9F-01				2	1	:	1	1	;	1	i	-		3	2
Bis2-Chloroethyl Ether	0	ī	1		10.14	ŧ	ı	na 4	4.9E-01	ł	;	ı	1	i			:	ı	na	4.9E-01
Bis2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	0	ŧ		ğ		ŀ	ı	na 1.	1.4E+01	1	:	,			ı	ı	1	ì	na	4.9E-01
Bromoform ^c	•	:	t	g	1.7E+05	ı	ĵ	na 1.	1.7E+05		}	;			1	ł	1	ı	na	1.4E+01
Butylbenzylphthalate	0		!	eu L	3.6E+03	1	ı	na 3.	3.6E+03	ŧ	ŧ	1		ì	1	ł	,	ı	na	1.7E+05
Cadmium		1 1 1	: !	na	5.2E+03	ł	t	na 5.	5.2E+03	ŧ	1			ı	1	1	1	ı	na	3.6E+03
Carbon Tetrachlonide ^C	· ·		4.6E-01	na	ı	1.1E+00 4.	4.6E-01	na	1	1		ł		ı	1	t	1	ı	80	5.2F+03
Chlordana c		1	;	na	4.4E+01	ţ	ı	03	4 45404		ļ	t		ı	ı	1	1.15+00	4.6E-01	6	}
}	— Ф	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	па	2.2E-02	2.4F+00 4	4 2E 03		0 1		1	1	,	ı	,	;		!	į	
Chlonde	0	8.6E+05	2.3E+05	e					2.2E-02	;	1	,	,	1	,				na	4.4E+01
	0	1.9E+01	1 1F+01	ć			_	na	1	1	1	,				I	Z.4E+00	4.3103	na	2.2E-02
Chlorobenzene	0					1.9E+01 1.1	1.1E+01 n	na		;	1	;			1	i	8.6E+05	2.3E+05	na	1
	-		-	na	2.1E+04		-	na 2.1	2.1E+04	ŧ	ł				!	;	1.9E+01	1.1E+01	na	
											-	-			***		1	ı	60	2 15:404

2005 Ammonia Reasonable Potential Analysis

Parameter	Backoround													***************************************						
(ng/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Voirto	ᆫ	llocations	+	1	Antidegradation Baseline		+					Most Limit	Most Limiting Allocations	
Chlorodibromomethane ^C	0			60.00	۰			T(S)	_	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)		王	Acute C	Chronic HH (PWS)	WS) HH	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ŧ
Chloroform ^c	0	1	ţ	2 2	201710	l	ł		3.45.+02	ı	ı	1		ı	1	ı	1	1	na	3.4E+02
2-Chloronaphthalene	0	1	1	<u> </u>	4.35.+04	1 1	1	na L	2.9E+04	;	1	1		ı	1	•	!	ı	na	2.9E+04
2-Chlorophenol	0	1	1	! 2	4 0F+02	1	l :	<u> </u>	4.3E+U3	}	ŀ	ı	1	;	1	ı	1	i	na	4.3E+03
Chlorpyrifos	0	8.3E-02	4.1E-02	2	70.1	1 12 8	1 H	E	4.0E+02	t	ı	1	<u> </u>	1	1	4	ı	ı	na	4.0E+02
Chromium III	0	2.2E+02	2.9€+01	i e		2.2E-02	7. IE-02	<u> </u>	ı	ı	i	1	1	3	1	1	8.3E-02	4.1E-02	na	ł
Chromium VI	0	1.6E+01	1.1E+01		ı	1 6F±01	401101	<u> </u>	ı	;	ı	ı	1	ı	1	1	2.2E+02	2.9E+01	n	ı
Chromium, Total	0	1	1	i 6	1 1	1.01	. m	e :	ı	ţ	1	í		1	t !	1	1.65+01	1.1E+01	na	1
Chrysene ^c	0	1		<u> </u>	1 1	1	ı	e	;	1	ţ	1	1	ł	1	ı		:	na	,
Copper	•	4 6F+00	3 4 11 100	<u> </u>			1 1	, E	4.9E-01	ł	1	1	1	1	ı	;	1	1	e	4.9E-01
Cvanide) c	1.00 to 0	0.484.00	Ē	1		3.4E+00	na e		1	ì	1	 I	ŧ	1	1	4.6E+00	3.4€+00	23	
oppo c	.	Z.ZE+01	5.ZE+00	en E	2.2E+05	2.2E+01	5.2E+00	na 2	2.2E+05	ı	1			ı	1	1	2.2E+01			2.2F+05
one c	.	1	1	na	8.4E-03	1	1	na &	8.4E-03		ı	,		1	1	I	1		: :	
DDT c	0	1	ŀ	Б	5.9E-03	1	ì	na	5.9E-03	ŧ	1			1	1	f		: :	2 C	
	0	1.1E+00	1.0E-03	В	5.9E-03	1.1E+00	1.0E-03	na	5.9E-03	ı	ı	ı		ı	1	1	1 154.00	4	e :	20 10 1
Difference	0	ı	1.0E-01	na	1	ı	1.0E-01	na	1	ı	í			ı	!				75 E	5.85.03
Ulbenz(a,n)aninfacene	0	1	ı	E C	4.9E-01	ţ	ì	na 4	4.9E-01	ŧ	1			,		l	!	1000	E E	ı
Dibutyl phthalate	0	ŀ	ı	na	1.2E+04	1	t	na 1	1.2E+04	ı	1				1	1	1	ŀ	e	4.9E-01
Methylene Chloride) ^c	c				1							-		ŀ	1	ı	1	i	eu	1.2E+04
1 2-Dichtorohanzana	, ,	1 -	;	g B	1.6E+04	1	;	na 1	1.6E+04	ŧ	1	•	,	ı	1	1		:	ā	SEADA
1 3-Dichlorobenzene	3	1	1	B	1.7E+04	;	ı	na 1	1.7E+04	ı	ı	1		!	1	ŧ	ī	ı	. s	175404
The District Constitution of the		;	1	na	2.6E+03	1	ì	na 2.	2.6E+03	1	ı	•		ı	:	;		I	8 i	
1,4-Uchlorobenzene	0	i	1	na	2.6E+03	,	ı	na 2.	2.6E+03	1	1	,		ı	1	li		3	e u	Z.6E+03
s,s-Licilioropenziqine	0	ţ	1	ng C	7.7E-01	ţ	1	na 7	7.7E-01	ı	1	i		1	•	i	:	ı	23	2.6E+03
Dichlorobromomethane	•	ł	i	na	4.6E+02	ı	1	na 4.	4.6E+02	1	,	,			!	1	1	ı	E L	7.7E-01
1,2-Dichloroethane	0	ı	;	na	9.9E+02	ı	1	na 9	9.9E+02	,	,			ŧ	1	1	1	1	æ	4.6E+02
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0	;	1	ā	1.7E+04	;	ı	. Pa	1 7F+04	ı				1	1	ı	:	ĭ	na	9.9E+02
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	0	ı	1	na	1.4E+05		í	e	14E+05		ł.			ı	:	1	1	1	na	1.7E+04
2,4-Dichlorophenal	0	;	1	ВП	7.9E+02	1	;		30, 10	ı	1			1	1	1	1	ı	na na	1.4E+05
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy	c						;	<u> </u>	7.3E+02	;	ı	1		ı	1	1	ı	1	na	7.9E+02
1.2-Dichloropropane ^c) c	1	1	E E	1	ı	1	na	1	ı	1	:		ı	;	1		:	e	,
1.3-Dichloropropene	> <	ŀ	ı	29	3.9E+02	ı	1	na 3.	3.9E+02	;	,	i		}	1	ŧ		1	2 6	. (
Dieldrin ^c) c	1 1	1 1	na	1.7E+03	;	1	na 1.	1.7E+03	ı		1	***************************************	1	1	ı				
Diethyl Phthalate	, ,	4.45-01	20-30°C	e :	1.4E-03	ç	5.6E-02	na 1.	1.4E-03	ı		1		ı	1	1	2.4E-01	5.6E-02		1 4F-03
Di-2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate c) c	ı	1	œ	1.21+05	ı	ı	na 1	1.2E+05	1		1		1	1	I	1			1 25405
2.4-Dimethylphenol) c	ŀ	1	na	5.9E+01	;	ı	na 5.3	5.9E+01	ı	,	!		ı	;	!	ı	ı	3 e	5 9E404
Dimethyl Phthafata		i	ł	e	2.3E+03	1	ł	na 2.	2.3E+03	1	,	1	•	ŧ	1	î		:	i 6	201100
Di-o-Butyl Phthalato	, (ı	i	ē	2.9E+06	ı	1	na 2.9	2.9E+06	1	'	,	-		1	1	1	1		20.10.0
2.4 Dinitrophenol		i	1	Ba	1.2E+04	;	1	na 11	1.2E+04	1					!	1			2 2	4 25.00
2-Mathud A. Digitzophood) (ì	ł	œ.	1.4E+04	ı	1	na 1,4	1.4E+04	1	,			1	1	;	1	;	: :	
2.4-Dinitrotolijene c	> 0	i	ŀ	na	7.65E+02	ı	:	na 7.1	7.7E+02	ļ	1				1	1		: 1		10.00
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-	 a	ı	ı	na	9.1E+01	I	1	na 9.	9.1E+01	i	1				1	1		i		7.7E+02
tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin)													·····		1	ı	1	1	na	9.1E+01
(PP4) 1.2-Dinhenvihvdrazina ^C	0 (1 .	ı		1.2E-06	ı	1	la E	na en	1	1	1	-		!	,			:	
Alono Endonnifor	.	1	ı	Ba	5.4E+00	ı	1	ha 5.4	5.4E+00	1	1	ı				!	1	ı		e e
Apria-cridosulian	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	Б	2.4E+02	2.2E-01 5	5.6E-02	na 2.4	2.4E+02	1	1	1			1	ı	1 1	1 1		5.4E+00
Deta-Eridosulian	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	na	2.4E+02	2.2E-01 5	5.6E-02	na 2.4	2.4E+02	1	1					;	2.25-01	5.6E-02		2.4E+02
Fodon Fodon	3	1 1	:			ì	-	1a 2.4	2.4E+02	1	:					1 1	Z.ZE-01	20-30°C		2.4E+02
Endrin Aldehyde	> 6	8.6E-02	3.6E-02			8.6E-02 3	3.6E-02	na 8.1	8.1E-01	ı	1	i			. 1	: 1	# # # D	1 19 %		2.4E+02
and the standard stan	0	,		na	8.1E-01		-	na 8.1	8.1E-01	1	1	1					40.0	3.0E~2	e	8.1E-01

Parameter	Bookoround			-	-				-					7 2222		מ ווכמטי	2005 Allillollia Neasonable Fotential Allarysis		בול בול	355	
(ua/l unless noted)	n nonduran	A secretar	water Qu	Water Quality Criteria	L	-	Г	Wasteload Alfocations	L	A	Antidegradation Baseline	on Baseline		Antik	Antidegradation Allocations	flocations		Mos	Most Limiting Allocations	llocations	
Eth dhonono	000	Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	_	Acute	Chronic HH	HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic HH		HH	Acufe	Chronic HH	HH (DWC)	20
curyiperizene	0	1	1	na	2.9E+04	1	1	na	2.9E+04	ı	1		-	1			╁	1	\dashv	-	H S
Fluoranthene	0	1	ı	na	3.7E+02	1	1	na	3.7E+02	ı	ı	1					· 	ı	ı		2.9E+04
rluorene	0	1	ļ	na	1.4E+04	1	1	eu	1.4E+04	ı	ı					ı		1	:	82	3.7E+02
Foaming Agents	0	ı	ı	ВП	1		1	Ba	1	i	i		<u> </u>	ı	ı	ı			1	, as	1.4E+04
Guthion	0	1	1.0E-02	na B	1		1.0E-02	E	ı	1	: 1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı			•	na	1
Heplachlor ^c	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	na	2.1E-03	5.2E-01		! 2	9 4E 09	ı	ı	ì	ı	ı	ı	1		1.0	1.0E-02	กล	1
Heptachlor Epoxide ^c	0	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	Па	1.15-03			2 6	2 1	ı	1	ı	ĵ	1	1	ı	5.2E-01		3.8E-03	na na	2.1E-03
Hexachiorobenzene ^C	0	1	;	2 2	77.7			2	1.11-03	:	ı	ı	1	ţ	ı	ı	5.2E	5.2E-01 3.8	3.8E-03	na na	1.1E-03
Hexachlorobutadiene	C			<u>.</u>	7.75-03		ı	na	7.7E-03	ı	ı	1	1	;	1	1	1		:	20	7.7F-03
Hexachlorocyclohexane)	!	!	eg.	5.0E+02	1	1	па	5.0E+02	ı	1	1	1	1	;		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	;		5 OE+02
Alpha-BHC ^c	0	;	i	ŝ	198															3	7.0ET 02
Hexachlorocyclohexane			ı	ā	1.35-01	;	ı	na	1.3E-01	ł	1	ì	1	ı	ı		; 	•	ı	na	1.3E-01
Beta-BHC ^c	0	ı	ı	БП	4.6E-01	1	;	g	4 SE-04												
Hexachiorocyclohexane Gamma-BHC ^c (Lindane)	ć	9	į			•		<u> </u>	0	ł	t	1	1	ı	ı	1	! 		ı	na 4	e de la companya de l
		9.0E-01	œ.	e e	6.3E-01	9.5E-01	ı	na	6.3E-01	ı	ì	1	1	ŧ	ı	,	9.5E-01	-0-1	,	e e	, e
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0	ı	ı	na	1.7E+04	,	1	É	75,04				-						ł	2	
Hexachloroethane ^c	0	ŧ	ļ	e	8.9F+01		1 1	<u> </u>	1.7E+04	1	ı	ı	!	ı	ı		1		1	na 1	1.7E+04
Hydrogen Sulfide	0	ŧ	2.0F±00				1 1	<u>.</u>	8.92+01	ı	1	;	1	ı	1					23	8.9E+01
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene ^c	0	ı	}	2 2	1 10	ł	Z.UE+00	e e	ı	:	ţ	1	1	ı	ı		i ,		2.0E+00	la	:
Iron	0	1	i	<u> </u>	4. 0-11 0-11	1	1	e E	4.9E-01	1	1	ı	:	ı	ı					la 4	4.9E-01
Isophorone ^c	0	ı		<u> </u>	: L9 c	1	ı	er e	1	ľ	ı	ı	1	i	ı	•			1	ន្ត	
Kepone	0	i	00+300	3 6	10.1	ı	1	Па	2.6E+04	ı	1	1	ı	ì	ı	•	· 		-	52	2.6E+04
Lead	0	2.8E+01	3.2F+00	<u> </u>	i	; ;	0.0=+00	Ba	ı	ı	:	1	ı	ı	1		1		0.0E+00	<u>10</u>	
Malathion	0	1	1 OF-01	9 6	:	2.0570	3.2E+00	ğ	1	ı	1	ı	ı	1	ı	,	- 2.8E+01		3.2E+00	g	1
Manganese	0	ı	; ! !	2 6	1	1		ē	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	1			1.0E-01	8	
Mercury	0	1.4F+00	7.7E.01	<u> </u>	1 11	1 1	1 1	па	1	ŀ	ı	ţ	1	1	1	1			1		1
Methyl Bromide	C	} !	1	<u> </u>	3. IE-02	1.45+00	7.7E-01	Ва	5.1E-02	F -	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	1.4E+00	7.	101	5	5 15.02
Methoxychlor	c		1 10	<u> </u>	4.0E+03	1	1	na	4.0E+03	1	ı	ŧ	 I	ı	1	1				. 4	4 OF+03
Mirex	0	ı	0.05.00	<u> </u>	i	I	3.0E-02	na	ı	1	ı	ı		ı		,		e,	-02		}
Monochlorobenzene	C		0,00	<u> </u>	1 1	ł	0.0E+00	na	ı	ı	ı	ī	1	;	1	1			00+		
Nickel) o	7.05+04	7.75.00	e :	2.1E+04	1	1	па	2.1E+04	ı	1	ı		i		1					2 45.04
Nitrate (as N)) 6	0.10	1.12100	2	4.65+03	7.0E+01	7.7E+00	E.	4.6E+03	ŧ	ı	i		ı	,	i	7.05+01	,			
Nitrobenzene	o c	i	ı	na	ı	1	i	na	1	1	i	ı	 I	1		1	-			ुः ['] इ	
N-Nitrosodimethylamina ^C		ı	1	eu u	1.9E+03	1	ı	па	1.9E+03	ı	ı	1		ı	,					8	
N-Nitrosodinhenvlamine ^c	5 6	ł	ı	na u	8.1E+01	1	ŧ	Ва	8.1E+01	1	ı	ı	<u>1</u>	I	,						1.9E+03
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamipa ^C)	ı	î	Бa	1.6E+02	ı	ı	na	1.6E+02	ı	;	1		;	1	,					8.15+01
Darathion	o (1	1	na	1.4E+01	1	ı	na	1.4E+01	ı	ı	ı	1	,		•			-	es	1.6E+02
DCR_1016	-	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	eu eu	ţ	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	na	1	1	ı	1	I	;			: ;		. :	÷	1.4E+01
200 a	0	ı	1.4E-02	na	1	;	1.4E-02	na	1	ı	ı	1		1		:	6.95-02		-02 n	œ	
CD-1221	0	;	1.4E-02	na	ı	1	1.4E-02	na	1	ı	;	1		ı			1	1.4E-02	-05 n	rs:	:
PCB-1232	0	ŧ	1.4E-02	na	1	1	1.4E-02	g	i	1	: ;	ŀ		1		1		1.4E-02	-05 II	œ	1
PCB-1242	0	t	1.4E-02	Б	ı	ı	1.4E-02	- eg	1		ı	ı	1	ı		1	1	1.4E-02	-02 n	m	
PCB-1248	0	ł	1.4E-02	na	ı	1	1.4E-02	: 2		ı	\$,		ı	1	1		1.4E-02	-02 n	**	1
PCB-1254	0	;	1.4E-02	па	ı	ł	1.4E-02	2 0	1	ŀ	ŧ	1		ı	ı		1	1.4E-02	-02 ni	•	 I
PCB-1260	0	ſ	1.4E-02	ā	1	;	1.4E-02	<u> </u>		ı	ı	ı	1	,	1		1	1.4E-02	-02 ni		
PCB Total ^c	0	1		na	1.7E-03	ı	! ! !		1 7F-03	l i	ī	ı		1	1	;		1.4E-02	-02 nz		
				***************************************	, married 197	***************************************	-		202	-	,		}	ı	1		_	1	Š	4	

2005 Ammonia Reasonable Potential Analysis

Parameter	Background		Water Qu	Water Quality Criteria			Wastelnad	Wasteload Allocations			and the name of the first			-		-		-			
(ng/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Actido	Chronic	Chronic LILI (B)A/6)			Allinegradation baseline	or pasellie				Allocations			Wost Limitin	Most Limiting Allocations	
Pentachlorophenol ^c		20 17. 7	2010		J	+	Ciliums	LEWS)	E	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	H (bws)	- ∓	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ŧ
	>	7.7E-03	5.95-03	g	8.2E+01	7.7E-03	5.9E-03	na	8.2E+01	t	ŧ	1	1	ı	1	1	1	7.7E-03	5.9E-03	na	8.2E+01
Pheno	0	ł	1	Ba	4.6E+06	1	1	g	4.6E+06	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ŧ		1			A SELDS
Pyrene	0	1	1	na	1.1E+04	;	ı	g	1.1E+04	;	:	ı		l					I	5	00
Radionuclides (pCi/I	¢													l	ı	1	ı	1	ŀ	<u> </u>	1.15+04
except beta/r-noton)	>	1	1	па	ì	1	1	na	ı	1	1	ŀ	1	;	;	ı	·	:	1	æ	1
Gross Alpha Activity Beta and Photon Activity	0	1	1	na	1.5E+01	1	1	па	1.5E+01	t	ı	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	ł	ı		1.5E+01
(mrem/yr)	0	ı	ı	na	4.0E+00	1	ı	na	4.0E+00	1	;	,	1								
Strontium-90	0	1	ı	na	8.0E+00	1	ı	8	8 OF +OO	i	i		····	ı	ı	ł	ı	1	ı	e E	4.0E+00
Tritium	0	ı	1	g	2 OF +04			1	200	l	l	ı	ı	1	ì	ī	1	ı	ŧ	na	8.0E+00
Selenium	c	10.00			10.1	1		<u> </u>	Z.0E+04	ţ	:	;	1	1	1	ı	t	ī	:	na	2.0E+04
	>	Z.0E+01	3.02+00	œ	1.1=+04	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	па	1.1E+04	1	ı	1	1	1	1	ı	1	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	eu	1.1E+04
Silver	0	4.9E-01	1	g	ì	4.9E-01	ì	na	ŀ	ı	ı	ı		ı	1	ı	1	4.9E-01			; ; !
Sulfate	0	ı	ı	Па	ŧ	1	ı	ē	1	1	ŧ	1	1	1	ì	1			ŀ	3	. (
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0	ı	1	na	1.1E+02	1	ł	na	1.1E+02	ı	ı	ı		1	: :		I	:	ŧ	e e	
Tetrachloroethylene ^c	0	1	1	g	8.9E+01	!	;	g	8 9F+01	i					ì	ì		:	:	e	"\ ~
Thallium	0	1	ı	ğ	6 35+00			! ;	1 1	ı	I	i	1	ŧ	ı	ı	1	ł	:	ยน	8.9E+01
Toluene	C	i			0 0	1	ŀ	<u> </u>	6.3E+00	ŀ	ı	t		:	ı	1	ı	ī	:	na	6.3E+00
Total discolude colids		:	;	ā	Z.0E+U5	!	i	na	2.0E+05	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	a	2.0E+05
total dissolved solids	-	1	1	na	;	1	ì	na	1	ì	ì	ŧ	ı	ı	1	ı		ı		ç	
loxaphene	0	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	na	7.5E-03	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	na	7.5E-03	;	ı	ı	;	ŧ	1	ı		7.35.04	2011-04	<u> </u>	1 11
Tributytin	0	4.6E-01	6.3E-02	па	ı	4.6E-01	6.3E-02	na	1	ı	ŧ	1	1	t	ı	ı		4 6 12 04	20.00	= t	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0	1	ţ	Ba	9.4E+02	!	i	ВП	9.4E+02	i	ı	1	;	ı	ı	1	-		70.00	5 :	1 1
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0	1	!	вп	4.2E+02	1	1	na	4.2E+02	ı	f	ı	i	1		!		ı	:	E E	9.4E+02
Trichloroethylene	0	ı	ı	Ba	8.1E+02	1	1	B	8.1E+02	ı	1	1				ı	1	:	1	a	4.2E+02
2,4,6-Trichlorophenal ^c	0	1	ì	. eu	6.5F+01	!	;	! {	1 1 1			l	ı	ı	ı	ŀ	1	ı	ı	na	8.1E+02
2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy)								<u> </u>	10.0 10.0	ł	ı	ŧ		ı	ł	ı	1	;	;	na	6.5E+01
propionic acid (Silvex)	0	ı	1	na	1	1	ı	na	ı	1	ı	ŧ	1	ı	ţ	ı		,	:	ć	
VIII CII Orige	0	ı	ı	na	6.1E+01	ı	ì	па	6.1E+01	í	Į	1		ı	ı	1		;	1 :	a (
Zinc	0	4.5E+01	4.5E+01	B	6.9E+04	4.5E+01	4 5F+01	ű	8 OF +0.4										ı	ā	6.15+01
				***************************************	-			DII	0.95.104	***		1			1	1	,	4.5E+01	4.5E+01	na	6.9E+04

Notes:

- 1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise
- 2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals
 - 3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise
 - 4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter
- 5. Regular WLAs are mass balances (minus background concentration) using the % of stream flow entered above under Mixing Information.
 - Antidegradation WLAs are based upon a complete mix.
- 6. Antideg. Baseline = (0.25(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for acute and chronic = (0.1(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for human health
- 7. WLAs established at the following stream flows: 1Q10 for Acute, 30Q10 for Chronic Ammonia, 7Q10 for Other Chronic, 30Q5 for Non-carcinogens,
 - Harmonic Mean for Carcinogens, and Annual Average for Dioxin. Mixing ratios may be substituted for stream flows where appropriate.

Metal	Target Value (SSTV)	Note: do not use QL's lower than the
Antimony	4.3E+03	minimum QL's provided in agency
Arsenic	9.0E+01	guidance
Barium	na	
Cadmium	2.8E-01	
Chromium III	1.7E+01	
 Chromium VI	6.4E+00	
Copper	1.8E+00	
 Iron	22	
Lead	1.9E+00	
Manganese	g	
 Mercury	5.1E-02	
 Nickel	4.6E+00	
 Selenium	3.0E+00	
 Silver	1.9E-01	
 Zinc	1.8E+01	

2005 Ammonia Reasonable Potential Analysis

```
4/15/04 4:24:03 PM
Facility = Haynesville Correctional Facility
Chemical = ammonia
Chronic averaging period = 30
WLAa
      = 2.2
WLAC
        = 0.29
O.L.
         = 0.2
\# samples/mo. = 12
\# samples/wk. = 3
Summary of Statistics:
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 9
Variance = 29.16
C.V.
              = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 21.9007
97th percentile 4 day average = 14.9741
97th percentile 30 day average= 10.8544
# < Q.L.
              = .0
Model used
              = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 0.58512432709073
Average Weekly limit = 0.42798550272142
Average Monthly LImit = 0.318793259842028
```

9

The data are:

Fact Sheet Haynesville Correctional Center Permit No. VA0023469 Attachments

Attachment G

СТО

RECEIVED PRO JUL 22 2015



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

HAROLD W. CLARKE DIRECTOR

Department of Corrections

P. O. BOX 26963 RICHMOND, VIRGINIA 23261 (804) 674-3000

July 17, 2015

Mr. Curt Linderman Virginia Department of Environmental Quality Piedmont Regional Office 4949A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060

Re: Upgrade Haynesville Wastewater Treatment Plant

Dear Mr. Linderman:

Enclosed is the Application for Certificate To Operate (CTO) for the referenced project.

Please contact me at 804-887-7784 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Virginia Department of Corrections

Jim Schrecengost

Capital Outlay Program Manager

Cc: Jeff Haas, P.E., Austin Brockenbrough & Associates

Dallas Phillips, Virginia Department of Corrections

enclosure

Department of Environmental Quality APPLICATION for CERTIFICATE TO OPERATE

Under the Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations 9 VAC 25-790

See instru	ctions. Submit 2 copies of this form and any	attachments. Form will e	expand as you ent	er information.
Project Title: Upgrade H	aynesville Wastewater Treatment Pla	ant		
P.E. Seal Date on Cove	r: January 4, 2010			
Specifications little and	Date: Upgrade Haynesville Wastewa			
	nesville Correctional Center	County/City: Richr	nond County/F	łaynesville
	Collection System(s): N/A	**************************************	7	
Receiving Sewage Trea	tment Plant(s): N/A	T		
PROJECT OWNER	Castal O. Ha. D.	PROJECT ENGIN		
Signature and Date:	Capital Outlay Program Manager	Name: Jeffrey J. Haas	, PE	
	PO Box 26963 Richmond VA 23225	Company Name: Austi	r Springs Drive S	uite 200, Richmond, VA 23225
V	•		. opgo D1110, 0	and 200, Monthona, VA 20220
Phone:804-887-7784		DI 004 500 0000		
Email: james.schrecengost@v	vadoc virginia gov	Phone: 804-592-3902	brough com	
2.man. jamioo: 20, moderi iquottes	sado. vagima. gov	Email: jhaas@brocken	brougn.com	
Attach Copy of the orig provide verification of co Design Sewage Flow: (a	ERTIFICATE TO CONSTRUCT: 24 inal Certificate to Construct if issued mpliance with any conditions in the Ca average daily flow (MGD): 0.178 ant projects, provide the VPDES/VPA	prior to November 9 Certificate to Constru (b) peak flow (MGD): <u>0.267</u>	WQIF project. If applicable,
Is a new Discharge Mon	itoring Report (DMR) required? Yes Sewage Treatment Plants check Reli	□ No X		
The following statement inspection.)	nt must be signed and sealed by th	ne inspecting engir	neer: (DEQ wil	I not conduct a confirming
inspections to certify to	e construction work was complete only in accordance with 9 VAC 2 he work." JEFFREY Lic. No.	J. HAAS 5	vith the appro	oved referenced design eted sufficient
Inspecting Licensed Eng	ineer's Signature and original seal (si	igned and dated)		W446W4
For DEQ use only: In accordance with Code DEQ representative, serv	of Virginia 1950, as amended, Title to ves as the Certificate to Operate for t	62.1, Section 62.1-4 he referenced projec	4.19, this form	, signed by the appropriate
Emilee C. Adamson	Smile C. adamson n		8-28-2015	26333
Name	Signature		Date	CTO PTL Number
Department of Environmental Q	uality Authorized Representative			

For sewage treatment plants, an Operation and Maintenance Manual must be submitted to the DEQ Regional Office in accordance with 9 VAC 25-790 and VPDES/VPA permit requirements.

For pump stations, an Operation and Maintenance Manual must be maintained for the facility in accordance with 9 VAC 25-790, but is NOT to be submitted to DEQ. The pump station must be operated and maintained in accordance with that manual.



March 17, 2010

MAR 18 2010

Mr. Curt Linderman Virginia Department of Environmental Quality Piedmont Regional Office 4949A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060

Re: Upgrade Haynesville Wastewater Treatment Plant

Dear Mr. Linderman:

Enclosed is the Application for Certificate to Construct (CTC) for the referenced project.

Please contact me at 804-592-3902 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Austin Brockenbrough & Associates, L.L.P.

Jeffrey J. Haas, P.E.

Associate

JJH/snw

Cc: Gary Weddle

enclosure

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality APPLICATION for CERTIFICATE TO CONSTRUCT (CTC) For Municipal Sewage Collection, Treatment, and/or Reclamation Systems

Charles & Tibles (as it as a second as a large V 11, and 1, 11)	
Project Title: (as it appears on plans) Upgrade Haynesville V	/astewater Treatment Plant
P.E. Seal Date on Cover: 1/4/10	
Specifications Title and Date: Upgrade Haynesville Wastewa	iter Treatment Plant 1/4/10
Location of Project: Haynesville Correctional Center	County/City: Haynesville VA
Receiving Wastewater Collection System(s): N/A	
Receiving Sewage Treatment Plant(s)/Reclamation System:	NA
PROJECT OWNER: Virginia Department of Corrections	PROJECT ENGINEER
Name & Title: Gary Weddler Capital Outlay Manager	Name: Jeffrey J. Haas, PE
Signature and date: And 2 / Walth 3/17/10	Company Name: Austin Brockenbrough and Associates, LLP
Address: 6900 Atmore Drive O Box 26963, Richmond VA 23225	Address: 1011 Boulder Springs Drive, Suite 200, Richmond VA 23225
∀	
Phone: 804-674-3102 x1223	Phone: 804-592-3902
Email: gary.weddle@vadoc.virginia.gov	Email: jhaas@brockenbrough.com
For Sewage Treatment Works and Sewage Collection Sy	stems:
Attach Project Description	
Attach Letter(s) of Acceptance from Receiving Facility/Utility	for sewage collection system projects
Attach Reliability Class: (1) For Pump Stations attach Reliab	ility Class Worksheet. (2) For Sewage Treatment Plants note
the Reliability Class rating from the VPDES or VPA permit at	nd method of meeting reliability classification requirements.
For a sewage treatment plant project, provide the VPDES or	VPA permit number: VA0023469
Design Sewage Flow (Sewage Plant): (a) average daily flow	(MGD): 0.178 (b) peak daily flow (MGD): 0.267
Design Sewage Flow (Pump Station): (a) average daily flow	(MGD): (b) peak hour flow (MGD):
	Washington Co.
Please check the appropriate components of your project:	
The state of the s	w Sewage Treatment Plant
	dification of Existing Sewage Treatment Plant
	pansion of Existing Sewage Treatment Plant
	Jansion of Existing Sewage Treatment Flant
For Reclamation or Satellite Reclamation System, Attack	Page 2: Page 2 Attached? Yes No 🛇
TO Recialitation of Satellite Recialitation System, Attact	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	M M

The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V	irginia licensed design engineer:
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)"	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Works, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Works, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Troot Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)"	irginia licensed design engineer: ssign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Works, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Troot Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)"	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Works, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Troot Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)"	irginia licensed design engineer: ssign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Works, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Troot Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)"	irginia licensed design engineer: ssign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Works, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Troot Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)"	irginia licensed design engineer: ssign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Works, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)"	irginia licensed design engineer: psign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Troot Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)"	irginia licensed design engineer: psign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and designed and	irginia licensed design engineer: sign documents are in substantial compliance with Part frent Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL Exc.
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)"	irginia licensed design engineer: sign documents are in substantial compliance with Part frent Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL Exc.
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and designed and	irginia licensed design engineer: sign documents are in substantial compliance with Part frent Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL Exc.
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the Veral of the	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part frent Volves, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL Excellent area area on your proposed design engineer: ONAL Excellent area on your proposed design engineer: of the Sewage Collection and Treatment of the Sewage Collection and Treatment of the Sewage Collection and Treatment
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the Veral of the Veral of the Veral of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" **Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and of the Design exceptions and justifications are attached in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended, in accordance with the Code of Virginia 1950, as a mended of Virginia	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part frent Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment PEY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL E. G. ONAL E. G
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and of the signal seal) (signal	irginia licensed design engineer: psign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL E-G ONAL E-G ONAL E-G Title 62.1, Section 62.1-44.19, this form, signed by the to Construct. This Certificate is valid for a period of five years
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the Veral of the Veral of the Veral of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Track Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and original seal) (signed a	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part frent Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment PEY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL E. G. ONAL E. G
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the V "As discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and of the signal seal) (signal	irginia licensed design engineer: psign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL E-G ONAL E-G ONAL E-G Title 62.1, Section 62.1-44.19, this form, signed by the to Construct. This Certificate is valid for a period of five years
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the Veras discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and	irginia licensed design engineer: psign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL E-G ONAL E-G ONAL E-G Title 62.1, Section 62.1-44.19, this form, signed by the to Construct. This Certificate is valid for a period of five years
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the Veras discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and	irginia licensed design engineer: psign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL E-G ONAL E-G ONAL E-G Title 62.1, Section 62.1-44.19, this form, signed by the to Construct. This Certificate is valid for a period of five years
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the Veras discussed in 9 VAC 25-790-240.C., the referenced de III - Manual of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and	irginia licensed design engineer: psign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment Vorus, of the Sewage Collection and Treatment REY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL E-G ONAL E-G ONAL E-G Title 62.1, Section 62.1-44.19, this form, signed by the to Construct. This Certificate is valid for a period of five years
The following statement must be signed and sealed by the Verance of the New Yard Security of Practice For Sewerage Systems and Treat Regulations (9 VAC 25-790-310 et seq.)" Licensed Design Engineer's Signature and original seal (signed and original se	irginia licensed design engineer: esign documents are in substantial compliance with Part ment works of the Sewage Collection and Treatment PEY J. HAAS No. 21389 ONAL Title 62.1, Section 62.1-44.19, this form, signed by the to Construct. This Certificate is valid for a period of five years may be necessary. Please contact your Regional DEQ Office

Page 1 - 09/25/2009

Project Description

The project consists of the renovations to the existing sequencing batch reactor (SBR) type wastewater treatment process with new equipment and controls to meet the nutrient limits in the VPDES Permit No. VA0023469. The renovations include influent screening, influent metering, influent equalization, SBR treatment, denitrifying filters, aerobic sludge digesters, sludge dewatering equipment and building. For reliability classification, the treatment system will have three emergency power generators for maintaining the entire treatment process in operation in the event of a loss of commercial power. The control system will have computerized monitoring of the treatment system alarms to the operators control building.

At the existing Unit 17 treatment facility, the work includes a new pump station with two pumps rated for 85 gpm at 30 ft, and 1,500 lf of 6" force main to deliver the wastewater to the renovated SBR treatment plant. The existing oxidation ditch treatment facility at Unit 17 will be demolished.

The work also includes 1200 lf of 6" and 8" gravity sanitary sewer and a 1000 gallon grease trap for the correctional facility kitchen.

Reliability Classification Worksheet for Sewage Pumping Stations

Pump :	Station Name: Upgrade Haynesville Wastewater Treatment Plant
Locatio	on: Haynesville Correctional Center
Averag	e Daily Design Flow/ Peak Design Flow (MGD/MGD): 0.178
Comple the ave	ete Part I and Part II of this form, and submit this form with your CTC application. All assessments are based on erage daily design flow of the pump station (not peak flow or current flow).
Part I.	Reliability Classification Assessment
1.	Is the station located in the Dulles Watershed (9 VAC 25-401) or in the Occoquan Watershed (9 VAC 25-410)? If yes, STOP - Reliability is Class I with special construction requirements (see 9 VAC 25-401 and/or 410). If no, proceed to Question 2.
2.	The default Reliability Classification for all other pump stations within Virginia is Class I. Is the pump station to be constructed to meet Reliability Class I? If yes, STOP - Reliability is Class I. If no, proceed to Question 3.
3.	Is the design average daily flow to the pump station greater than or equal to 0.5 MGD? If yes, STOP - Reliability is Class I. If no, proceed to Question 4.
4.	Is the pump station located in the any of the following localities? Counties of Accomack, Charles City, Essex, Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, King and Queen, King George, King William, Lancaster, Mathews, Middlesex, New Kent, Northampton, Northumberland, Richmond, Southampton, Surry, Westmoreland or York; or Cities of Chesapeake, Franklin, Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach or Williamsburg. If yes, STOP - Reliability is Class I. If no, proceed to Question 5.
5.	Is a public water supply surface water intake within 5 miles downgradient of the pump station or within 1 tidal cycle upstream of the pump station? [Contact the appropriate field office of VDH's Office of Drinking Water http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/drinkingwater/contacts/ . Provide VDH with latitude/longitude information for the pump station and the average and peak design flows.] [If yes, STOP - Reliability is Class I.] If no, proceed to Question 6.
6.	If the pump station were to overflow, is there high probability of public contact with the wastewater? [Is the station close to residential/commercial/institutional areas and/or recreational areas (boat landings, posted swimming/fishing/boating areas, parks) such that an overflow would likely present a public health hazard?] If yes, STOP - Reliability is Class I. If no, proceed to Question 7.
7.	Is average daily design flow to the pump station < 2000 gpd? If yes, STOP - Reliability is Class II. If no, proceed to Question 8.
8.	Is there a perennial surface water located within 1500 ft downgradient of the facility? (Perennial stream defined as a solid blue line on USGS quad map or determined from field investigation.) If no, STOP - Reliability is Class II.

	receiving water flow to average daily design flow); OR is the perennial surface water a 303d listed impaired segment? [See www.deg.virginia.gov/wastewater/ for location and list of stream gauges, 7Q10 information, and 303d listings] If yes to either of the questions, STOP - Reliability is Class I. If no, STOP - Reliability is Class II.
Not	sed on the Part I assessment, the designated reliability classification for this pump station is Class I e that DEQ has determined that Reliability Class III is not protective of water quality and is not a valid classification for a new pump ion.
Pai	t II. Method of Complying with Reliability Classification
	this pump station, select your method of complying with the reliability class requirements. ference 9 VAC 25-790-390 through 420.
Rei	liability Class I:
×	Option A: Emergency generator with automatic transfer switch or dual electrical feeds. Class I must monitor main power supply, auxiliary power supply, failure of pump to discharge, and high liquid level in wet/dry wells; a test function must also be provided. On-site audio-visual alarm required with telemetry or autodialer to site manned 24 hours a day.
	Option B: 24 hour emergency storage. Class I must monitor main power supply, failure of pump to discharge, and high liquid level in wet/dry wells; a test function must also be provided. On-site audio-visual alarm required with telemetry or autodialer to site manned 24 hours a day. (24 hour storage based on average daily design flow.)
	Option C: Closing the facility to eliminate generation of sewage. On-site audio-visual alarm required with telemetry or autodialer to site manned 24 hours a day. (Only available to facilities that will close during a power outage such as schools, certain industries, some recreational and park areas.)
	Option D: [Only available for facilities to be owned and operated by a locality, utility, or service authority.] Wet well storage above the high water alarm equal to or greater than documented response time of owner/service provider. Owner/Service Provider has sufficient portable equipment (see 9 VAC 25-790-410 for details). Portable pump and/or portable generator hookup provided. Class I must monitor main power supply, failure of pump to discharge, and high liquid level in wet/dry wells; a test function must also be provided. On-site audio-visual alarm required with telemetry or autodialer to site manned 24 hours a day.
	Option E: For facilities in the Dulles Watershed Only: In addition to complying with Reliability Class I requirements in 9 VAC 25-790, the facility also complies with 9 VAC 25-401-30.D.
	Option F: For facilities in the Occoquan Watershed Only: In addition to complying with Reliability Class I requirements in 9 VAC 25-790, the facility also complies with 9 VAC 25-410-20-F.5.
Rei	liability Class II:
	Option A: Portable/standby generator (manual transfer switch or quick connect). On-site audio-visual high water alarm.
	Option B: Emergency pump connection (and access to a portable pump). On-site audio-visual high water alarm.
	Option C: Closing the facility to eliminate generation of sewage. On-site audio-visual high water alarm. (Only available to facilities that will close during a power outage such as schools, certain industries, some recreational and park areas.)
For	m to be completed and signed by Design Engineer.
For	m completed by Jeff Haar (signature)
Prir	nted name <u>Jeffrey J. Haas</u>

Wrenn, Brian (DEQ)

From: Phillips, Dallas L. (VADOC)
Sent: Phillips, Dallas L. (VADOC)
Friday, June 05, 2015 12:05 PM

To: Wrenn, Brian (DEQ)

Cc: Jett, Graham L. (VADOC); Schrecengost, James (VADOC)

Subject: FW: Haynesville WWTP - CTO

Attachments: PTL24845_Haynesville_CTC_4 16 10.pdf; CTO_Application10302008.pdf; Document 9.pdf

Brian,

Attached you will find copies of the CTC and CTO documentation that was supposed to be completed and sent to DEQ. I cannot be sure if the CTO ever made it to DEQ. The VADOC Project Manager that dealt with the Haynesville Correctional Center (HCC) project regrettably has passed away. I have no access to his files in an effort to locate this documentation. As you can see in my email to the Engineer that designed the WWTP upgrade project at HCC, the CTO form will be redone and routed for proper signatures before forwarding to DEQ.

As for the designed flow, the .178 MGD is the correct design flow. The .230 MGD figure listed on the VPDES Reissuance Permit Application was considered but, never approved because it was not necessary. There is also an attachment included verifying that decision.

Should you have any questions, please contact me.

Dallas L. Phillips
Environmental Services Manager
VADOC/Environmental Services Unit
Eastern Service Area
757-514-3592
Dallas.Phillips@vadoc.virginia.gov

From: Jeff Haas [mailto:jhaas@brockenbrough.com]

Sent: Wednesday, June 03, 2015 2:59 PM

To: Phillips, Dallas L. (VADOC) **Cc:** Schrecengost, James (VADOC) **Subject:** RE: Haynesville WWTP - CTO

Jim,

Please confirm that I should put your name or Tom's name in the Project Owner block, and if I should sign it as of now, June 2015 or at the time of substantial completion on or about March 26, 2010?

Jeff

From: Phillips, Dallas L. (VADOC) [mailto:Dallas.Phillips@vadoc.virginia.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, June 03, 2015 2:51 PM

To: Jeff Haas

Cc: Schrecengost, James (VADOC) **Subject:** RE: Haynesville WWTP - CTO

Jeff,

I think it would be a good idea to seal and sign the CTO form again and forward to Jim for processing. It may be hard to determine and locate proof that this was done with Gary not being present.

Jim will be sending out the arrangements on Gary's funeral today. I am sure he will pass that information on to you also.

Thanks for your help.

Dallas L. Phillips
Environmental Services Manager
VADOC/Environmental Services Unit
Eastern Service Area
757-514-3592
Dallas.Phillips@vadoc.virginia.gov

From: Jeff Haas [mailto:jhaas@brockenbrough.com]

Sent: Wednesday, June 03, 2015 10:57 AM

To: Phillips, Dallas L. (VADOC) **Cc:** Schrecengost, James (VADOC) **Subject:** Haynesville WWTP - CTO

DL,

Attached is the CTO form that I believe to have stamped with my PE seal on or about March 26, 2012, the date of substantial completion and sent to Gary to be signed and processed.

If you require, I can seal and sign this again and forward to Jim for processing.

I'm also attaching a copy of the CTC that was signed by Curt Linderman.

Jeffrey J. Haas, PE, PMP Associate - Civil Engineer

Austin Brockenbrough & Associates, LLP

1011 Boulder Springs Drive, Suite 200 | Richmond, Virginia 23225 804.592.3902 direct | 804.592.3900 main | 804.357.3491 mobile **www.brockenbrough.com**





<u>Austin Brockenbrough & Associates, LLP</u> is proud to be celebrating its 60th Anniversary this year. Founded in 1955 by Mr. Austin Brockenbrough, Jr. on the principle that "our clients deserve the highest possible ethics and standards of service" - we continue that tradition today.

Confidentiality/Usage Notice:

The information contained in this e-mail is for the intended recipient only. Attached files shall be used at the recipients risk and shall not be modified, reused, or transferred. If you are not the intended recipient, the use, copying, or distribution of this e-mail is strictly prohibited; please notify the sender and delete this e-mail from your system.

A. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The existing Haynesville Wastewater Treatment Plant was designed and constructed in the 1990's and consists of two Sequencing Batch Reactor (SBR) treatment tanks. The treatment plant includes influent solids separation through a bar screen. The effluent from the SBR process passes through a tertiary filter before it is disinfected by ultraviolet (UV) light and discharged to the receiving stream.

The SBR treatment plant was originally planned to undergo an upgrade for increased flow to 230,000 gallons per day (gpd) in a Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) dated March 2002. The PER was revised in August 2005 to include the provisions for the removal of nitrogen and phosphorus and to meet the permitted metals limit for copper, cadmium and silver.

Based on the design evaluation, the existing SBR tanks can handle a flow rate of 0.178 MGD. Consideration was given to operating the existing plant at 0.23 MGD. However based on observed reduction in flow rates following the installation of water serving devices by the Virginia Department of Corrections (VDOC), construction of a 0.23 MGD facility and the associated process tank and equipment upgrades is not justifiable. The option of upgrading of the existing SBR treatment process to 0.23 MGD was therefore not considered further.

Three options are considered for the making improvements to meet the permit requirements. Each options include the addition of a grease trap for the institutional kitchen, a pump station and force main to deliver wastewater from Unit 17 to the SBR treatment plant, an influent grinder station, a sludge dewatering system housed in a pre-engineered metal building, and a deep bed sand filter for denitrification of the effluent. The options are described as follows:

OPTION 1: Renovate the existing SBR treatment system with new equipment and controls. New sludge digesters will be provided and the one existing sludge digester will be converted to an influent equalization tank. The estimated cost for Option 1 is \$3.6 Million, not including additive bid items. The study calculations provided herein generally represent the upgrade of the process represented by this option.

OPTION 2: Provide two new SBR treatment tanks and equipment, and renovate the existing SBR treatment tanks for use as influent equalization and sludge digester tanks. This option is almost identical to the preliminary design dated November 2005 with the exception that the capacity of the process is reduced from 0.230 MGD to 0.178 MGD. The estimated cost for Option 2 is \$4.7 Million, not including additive bid items.

OPTION 3: Provide one new SBR treatment tank adjacent to the existing two SBR tanks, and renovate the existing two SBR Tanks. One of the existing SBR tanks will be renovated for use as a digester tank. The existing digester tank will be renovated for use as an influent equalization tank. The estimated cost for Option 3 is \$4.1 Million, not including additive bid items. The study

calculations provided herein for Option 1 generally represent the upgrade of the process represented by this option.

Each option provides viable solutions for upgrading of the existing treatment process to meet the new VPDES discharge limits. The responsible personnel for the Virginia Department of Corrections will make a decision based upon the available funding for the project.

B. REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The VDOC is undertaking this study to determine which treatment process steps are essential to meet the provisions of the VPDES permit and the January 1, 2011 Chesapeake Bay nutrient discharge limits. An evaluation of the design flow rate of the treatment process will be a primary consideration of this study to determine the necessary course of action. The study will include the hydraulic flow capacities of the various components to determine whether increased sizing is needed to achieve the treatment requirements.

The Effluent Discharge Limits for the VPDES Permit are summarized as follows:

TABLE 1 - DISCHARGE LIMITS

PARAMETER	VALUE
FLOW	0.178 MGD
BOD ₅	15 mg/L
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	15 mg/L
E. Coli	126 per 100 mL
TOTAL NITROGEN	* 4.0 mg/L
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	* 0.3 mg/L
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	5.5 mg/L
COPPER	4.8 ug/L
ZINC	Monitor - NL
CADMIUM	0.67 ug/L
SILVER	0.49 ug/L
TOTAL HARDNESS as CaCO ₃	150 mg/L
рН	6.0 - 9.0
* For General Permit Limits	

A copy of the VPDES Permit is included in Appendix A of this report.

Fact Sheet Haynesville Correctional Center Permit No. VA0023469 Attachments

Attachment H.

Other Agency Comments

Wrenn, Brian (DEQ)

From: Wrenn, Brian (DEQ)

Sent: Wednesday, May 20, 2015 3:12 PM

To: Ragnauth, Bennett (VDH)

Subject: Reissuance of VA0023469, Haynesville Correctional Center

Mr. Ragnauth

Documentation supporting reissuance of the referenced VPDES permit application is posted at this <u>link</u> for your concurrence. Please submit a response to this office within 14 days with your comments or objections or a statement verifying that the Virginia Department of Health has no comments on the application. Thank you.

Brian L. Wrenn
VPDES Water Permit Writer
VA DEQ - Piedmont Regional Office
804-527-5015 (Ph.)
804-527-5106 (FAX)
brian.wrenn@deq.virginia.gov
www.deq.virginia.gov

Fact Sheet Haynesville Correctional Center Permit No. VA0023469 Attachments

Attachment I

Owner Comments and DEQ Responses

Wrenn, Brian (DEQ)

From: Phillips, Dallas L. (VADOC)

Sent: Monday, December 14, 2015 2:15 PM

To: Wrenn, Brian (DEQ)

Subject: RE: Owner Comments for Haynesville CC

Brian,

I have reviewed the Haynesville Correctional Center VPDES Draft Reissuance Permit No. VA0023469. I do not have any comments concerning the permit. You can move forward with the public notice process. I will make payment when the newspaper completes the published notice and sends me the invoice.

Dallas L. Phillips
Environmental Services Manager
VADOC/Environmental Services Unit
Eastern Service Area
757-514-3592
Dallas.Phillips@vadoc.virginia.gov

From: Wrenn, Brian (DEQ)

Sent: Monday, December 14, 2015 12:55 PM

To: Phillips, Dallas L. (VADOC); Jett, Graham L. (VADOC)

Subject: Owner Comments for Haynesville CC

Dallas,

I'm ready to send the public notice to the paper for publishing. Do you have any comments that you will be submitting in the next couple of days? Thanks.

Brian L. Wrenn
VPDES Technical Reviewer
VA DEQ - Piedmont Regional Office
804-527-5015 (Ph.)
804-527-5106 (FAX)
brian.wrenn@deq.virginia.gov
www.deq.virginia.gov